MANUEL de VOL

FLIGHT MANUAL

DR 400/140 B
HB - KFI

Robin
AVIATION

BUNDESAMT FÜR ZIVILLUFTFAHRT

LUFTFAHRZEUG-FLUGHANDBUCH

Diese den Betrieb des Luftfahrzeugs betreffenden Unterlagen sind vom Bundesamt als Luftfahrzeug-Flughandbuch anerkannt. Dieses bildet eine Grundlage für die Erteilung und Aufrechterhaltung der Gültigkeit des Lufttüchtigkeitszeugnisses. Der genehmigte Inhalt darf nur durch das Bundesamt oder in dessen Auftrag geändert werden.

Das Luftfahrzeug darf nur gemäss den Grenzen und Verfahren des vorliegenden Flughandbuchs, das stets an Bord mitzuführen ist, betrieben werden.

Bei Ausrüstungsänderungen sind dem Bundesamt ein Arbeitsbericht mit Angabe von Masse und Hebelarm der ein- und ausgebauten Teile sowie Kopien der nachgeführten betroffenen Seiten dieses Handbuchs einzureichen.

Der Zulassungsbereich des Luftfahrzeugs ist in einem Anhang zum Lufttüchtigkeitszeugnis festgelegt.

Bundesamt für Zivilluftfahrt
Sektion FL

3003 Bern/Berne 09.08.2000

OFFICE FÉDÉRAL DE L'AVIATION CIVILE

MANUEL DE VOL DE L'AÉRONEF

Ces documents rélatifs à l'exploitation de l'aéronef sont reconnus par l'Office en tant que Manuel de Vol de l'aéronef. Celui-ci constitue un des éléments nécessaires à létablissement et au maintien de la validité du Certificat de Navigabilité. Le contenu approuvé ne peut être modifié que par l'Office ou sur son ordre.

L'aéronef ne doit être exploité que dans les limites des dispositions du présent Manuel de Vol, qui doit se trouver à bord en permanence

Lors des modifications de léquipement, il y a lieu d'envoyer à l'Office un rapport de travail contenant les indications de masse et bras de levier des équipements installés ou déposés ainsi que des copies des pages concernées du présent manuel mis à jour.

Le champ d'utilisation de l'aéronef est fixé dans un annexe au Certificat de Navigabilité.

Office fédéral de l'Aviation civile
Section FL

i.A./p.o.Alex Husy

HB-KFI

Mindestflugbesatzung	Equipage minimal de conduite
Siehe Abschnitt „Betriebsgrenzen" des vorliegenden Handbuchs.	Voir la section „Limites d'utilisation" du présent manuel.
Zusätzliche Auflagen für bestimmte Einsatzarten bleiben vorbehalten	Les conditions additionnelles applicables à certains genres d'exploitation restent réservées.

Höchstzulässige Anzahl Passagiere	Nombre maximal de passagers
Siehe Abschnitte „Betriebsgrenzen" und „Masse und Schwerpunktlage" des vorliegenden Handbuchs.	Se référer aux sections „Limites d'utilisation" et „Masse et Centrage" du présent Manuel.
Bei mehreren Konfigurationen müssen Angaben für alle möglichen Varianten vorhanden sein.	En cas où plusieurs configurations sont prévues, les données doivent être indiquées pour toutes les variantes possibles.

Höchstzulässige Abflugmasse	Masse maximale autorisée
Siehe Abschnitt „Betriebsgrenzen" des vorliegenden Handbuchs.	Voir section „Limites d'utilisation" du présent manuel.

Zuladung, Leermasse und Schwerpunktlage	Charge utile, masse à vide et position du centre de gravité
Siehe Formular „Leermasse und Schwerpunktlage" (Weight&Balance Record) im Abschnitt „Masse und Schwerpunktlage" des vorliegenden Handbuchs.	Se référer au formulaire „Masse à vide et centrage" (Weight&Balance Record) contenu dans la section „Masse et centrage" du présent manuel.

Besondere Auflagen	Conditions particulières
Siehe Anhänge zum AFM	Voir suppléments au Manuel de Vol

Manufacturer: **AVIONS PIERRE ROBIN**
1, route de Troyes
21121 - DAROIS - FRANCE
Tel 80 44 20 50
Fax 80 35 60 80
Tlx 350 818 F

Type Certificate nr 45 dated 09.11.1975

Serial Number **2470**

Registration **HB – KFI**

VISA D G A C

06 JUIN 1995

DIRECTION GENERALE DE L'AVIATION CIVILE
SERVICE DE LA FORMATION AERONAUTIQUE ET TECHNIQUE
Ingénieur d'Etudes et de Fabrications
F. CARRETTE

Sections approved:
2, 3, 4 and Section 5
page 5.02.

This aircraft must be operated within the operating limits specified ine the present flight manual.

THIS DOCUMENT MUST BE PERMANENTLY KEPT ON BOARD THE AIRCRAFT

This edition is applicable from S/N 2211 included

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D.G.A.C. approval:

06 JUIN 1995

DIRECTION GÉNÉRALE DE L'AVIATION CIVILE
SERVICE DE LA FORMATION AÉRONAUTIQUE ET DE L'ÉCOLE TECHNIQUE
L'Ingénieur d'Etudes
et de Fabrications
F. CARRETTE

LIST OF REVISIONS

Rev. Nr	Pages revised	Description of the revision	Date of approval

SECTION 0 GENERAL

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LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS USED

sq ft.....Square foot
ft.....Foot
in.....Inches
Nm.....Nautic mile
km.....Kilometer
m.....Meter
cm.....Centimeter
kt.....Knot
m/s.....Meter per second
tr/mn or rpm....Revolution per minute
Va.....Maneuvering speed
VC.....Calibrated airspeed
Vfe.....Maximum Flaps Extended speed
Vne.....Never exceed speed
Vno .....Maximum cruising speed
Vso.....Stalling speed landing position
Vs1.....Stalling speed flaps up configuration
VI.....Indicated air speed
km/h.....Kilometer per hour
HP.....Horse Power
hPa .....Hectopascal
in.Hg.....Inches of mercury
mbar.....Millibar
Zp.....Pressure altitude
l.....Liter
Imp gal .....Imperial gallon
us gal.....US gallon
psi.....Pound per square inch
lb.....Pound
kg.....Kilogramme
°C.....Degrees Celcius
°F.....Degrees Farenheit
V.....Volt
A.....Ampere

LIST OF RADIO ABBREVIATIONS

ADF ..... Automatic Direction Finder

ATC..... Air Traffic Control

COM ..... Communication Transceiver

DME..... Distance Measuring Equipment

ELT ..... Emergency Locator Transmitter

IFR ..... Instrument Flight Rules

ILS ..... Instrument Landing System

MKR..... Marker Beacon Receiver

NAV ..... Navigation Indicator and Receiver

AUDIO ..... Audio Control Panel

VFR..... Visual Flight Rules

VHF ..... Very High Frequency

VOR ..... Visual Omni-Range (beacon)

CONVERSION FACTORS

Nautic mile	X	1.852	=	kilometers
Feet	X	0.305	=	meters
inches	X	0.0254	=	meters
inches	X	25.4	=	milllimeters
Feet/minute	X	0.00508	=	meter/second
gallons (US)	X	3.785	=	liters
gallons (Imp)	X	4.546	=	liters
quarts (US)	X	0.946	=	liters
Knot	X	1.852	=	km/h
psi	X	0.0689	=	bar
in.Hg	X	33.86	=	mbar
lb	X	0.453	=	kg
(°F - 32)	X	5/9	=	°C

Kilometers	X	0.539	=	Nautic mile
meters	X	3.281	=	Feet
meters	X	39.37	=	inches
milllimeters	X	0.03937	=	inches
meter/second	X	197	=	Feet/minute
liters	X	0.264	=	gallons (US)
liters	X	0.220	=	gallons (Imp)
liters	X	1.057	=	quarts (US)
km/h	X	0.539	=	Knot
bar	X	14.51	=	psi
mbar	X	0.02953	=	in.Hg
kg	X	2.205	=	lb
°C	X	9/5 + 32	=	°F

BAROMETRIC PRESSURE CONVERSION TABLE

Below pressure in MILLIBAR or HECTOPASCAL, the pressure in INCHES of MERCURY is indicated.

→mbar ou hPa

→In. Hg

950	960	970	980	990	1000	1010	1020	1030	1040
28.05	28.35	28.64	28.94	29.23	29.53	29.63	30.12	30.42	30.71
951	961	971	981	991	1001	1011	1021	1031	1041
28.08	28.38	28.67	28.97	29.26	29.56	29.85	30.15	30.45	30.74
952	962	972	982	992	1002	1012	1022	1032	1042
28.11	28.41	28.70	29.00	29.29	29.59	29.88	30.18	30.47	30.77
953	963	973	983	993	1003	1013	1023	1033	1043
28.14	28.44	28.73	29.03	29.32	29.62	29.91	30.21	30.50	30.80
954	964	974	984	994	1004	1014	1024	1034	1044
28.17	28.47	28.76	29.06	29.35	29.65	29.94	30.24	30.53	30.83
955	965	975	985	995	1005	1015	1025	1035	1045
28.20	28.50	28.79	29.09	29.38	29.68	29.97	30.27	30.56	30.86
956	966	976	986	996	1006	1016	1026	1036	1046
28.23	28.53	28.82	29.12	29.41	29.71	30.00	30.30	30.59	30.89
957	967	977	987	997	1007	1017	1027	1037	1047
28.26	28.56	28.85	29.15	29.44	29.74	30.03	30.33	30.62	30.92
958	968	978	988	998	1008	1018	1028	1038	1048
28.29	28.58	28.88	29.18	29.47	29.77	30.06	30.36	30.65	30.95
959	969	979	989	999	1009	1019	1029	1039	1049
28.32	28.61	28.91	29.20	29.50	29.80	30.09	30.39	30.68	30.98

REMINDER:
The Standard Pressure of 1013.2 mbar or hPa equals 29.92 In.Hg

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SECTION 1 DESCRIPTION

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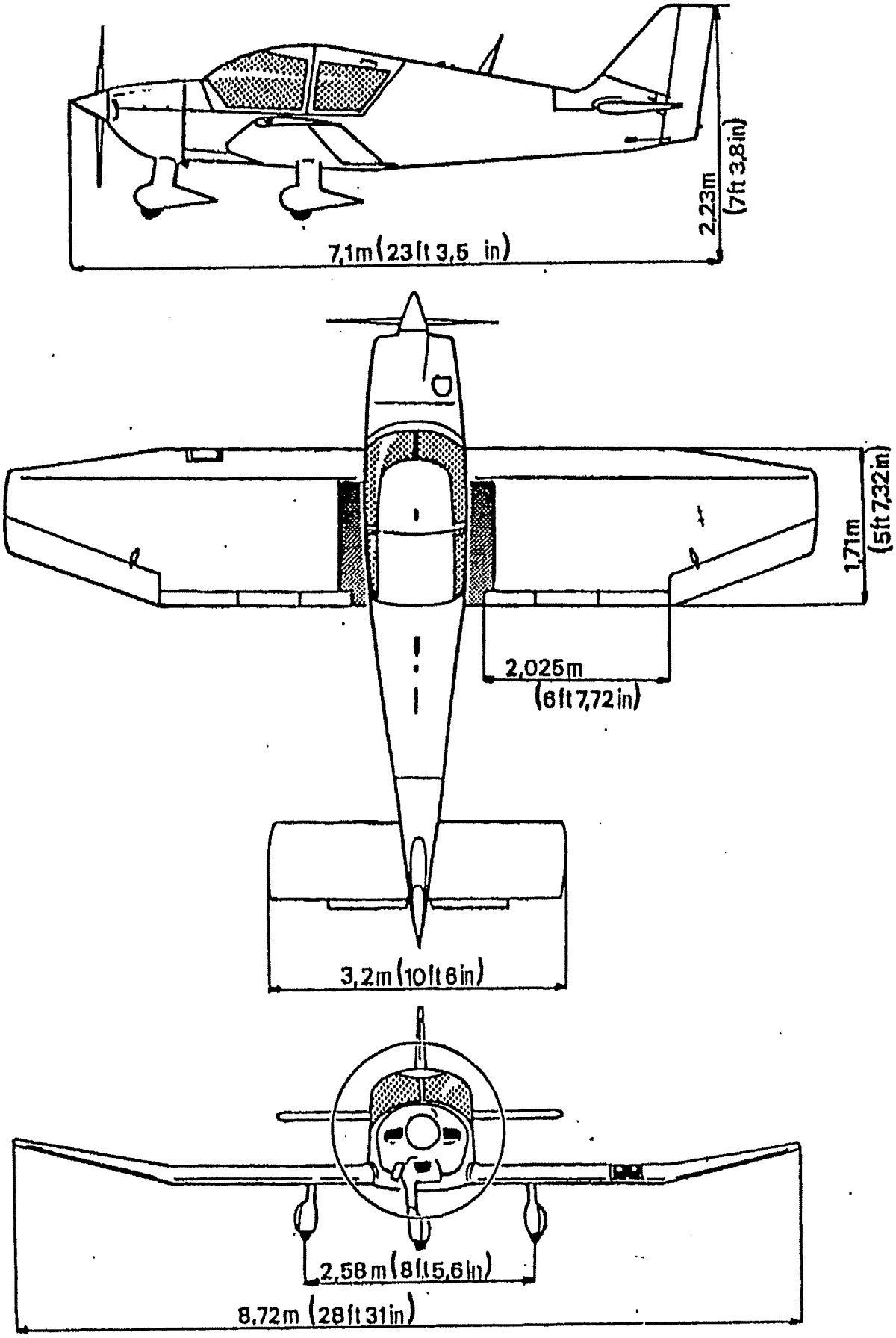

2,23m
(7ft 3,8in)
7,1m (23ft 3,5 in)
1,71m
(5ft 7,32in)
2,025m
(6ft 7,72in)
3,2m (10ft 6in)
2,58m (8ft 5,6in)
8,72m (28ft 31in)

OVERALL DIMENSIONS

Wing span ..... (28 ft 7.3 in) 8.72 m
Overall length ..... (23 ft 3.5 in) 7.10 m
Overall height ..... (7 ft 3.79 in) 2.23 m
Propeller ground clearance ..... (11 in) 0.28 m

INTERNAL CABIN DIMENSIONS

Length ..... (5 ft 3.8 in) 1.62 m
Width ..... (3 ft 7.3 in) 1.10 m
Height ..... (4 ft 0.4 in) 1.23 m
4 seats, accessible from both sides by sliding canopy.

WINGS

Wing area ..... (146.40 sq ft) 13.6 m^2
Airfoil ..... NACA 43013.5 modified
Aspect ratio 5.35
Dièdre en bout d'aile ..... 14°

AILERONS

Surface (each) ..... (6.13 sq ft) 0.57 m^2
Span (each) ..... (5 ft 3.8 in) 1.62 m

The ailerons are statically balanced (at 80%).

WING FLAPS (each)

Surface ..... (3.55 sq ft) 0.33 m^2
Span ..... (6 ft 7.72 in) 2.025 m

HORIZONTAL STABILIZER

Total control surface ..... (31 sq ft) 2.88 m^2
of which antibalance tab ..... (2.8 sq ft) 0.26 m^2
Span ..... (10 ft 6 in) 3.20 m

VERTICAL STABILIZER

Surface overall ..... (17.55 sq ft) 1.63 m^2
Stabilizer ..... (10.76 sq ft) 1 m^2
Rudder ..... (6.78 sq ft) 0.63 m^2

LANDING GEAR

Fixed Tricycle Type

Track ..... (8 ft 5.6 in) 2.58 m
Wheel base ..... (5 ft 5 in) 1.65 m
Tyre size ..... 380 x 150

Oil, shock struts: ..... MIL. H. 5606 - A
NORME AIR 3520

Nose gear

Tyre pressure ..... (26.1 psi) 1.8 bar
Shock strut pressure ..... (72.55 psi) 5 bar

Maing landing gear

Tyre pressure ..... (29 psi) 2 bar
Shock strut pressure ..... (87 psi) 6 bar

BRAKES

The disk brakes are operated by an independant hydraulic circuit on each main gear wheel.

Hydraulic oil ..... MIL.H.5606 - A
Norme AIR 3520

POWER PLANT

Engine

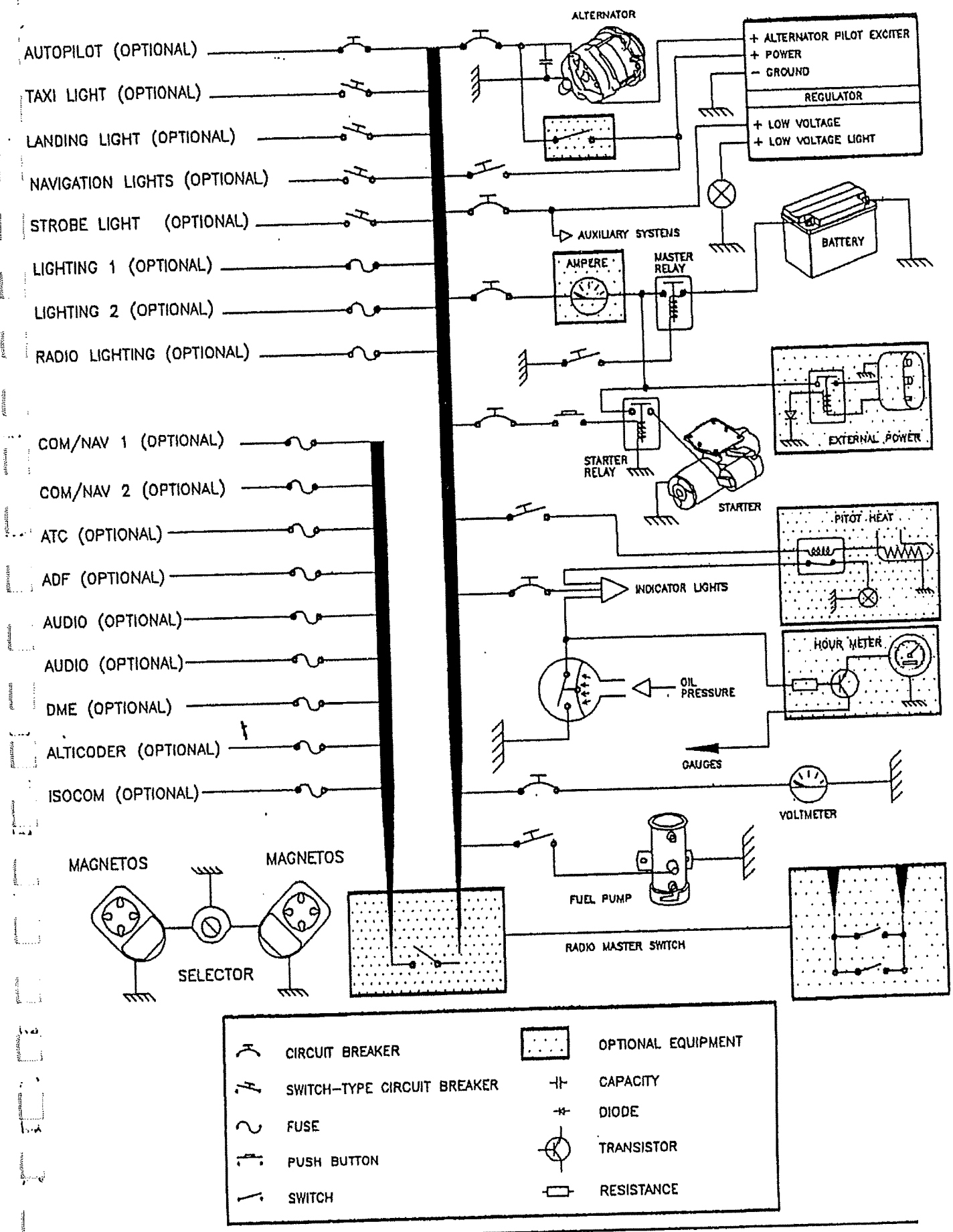
Manufacturer ..... LYCOMING
Type O-320-D2A
Number of cylinders 4
Maximum power ..... (160 HP) at 2700 rpm

PROPELLER

MANUFACTURER	SENSENICH
TYPE	74 DM6 S5-2-64
DIAMETER	1.83 m (72 in)*
PITCH	64 in
MINIMAL STATIC RPM FULL THROTTLE SEA LEVEL	2200

*** Any reduction in diameter during repair is forbidden**

ELECTRICAL SYSTEM



FUEL

Aviation petroleum* ..... AVGAS 100 LL
Fuel grade * ..... (octane) 100 minimum
Total fuel capacity ..... (24.2 imp/29 us gal) 110 l
Total usable fuel ..... (24 imp/28.7 us gal) 109 l
Unusable fuel ..... (0.22 imp/0.26 us gal) 1 l

Total fuel capacity can be increased to 160 l (35.2 imp/ 42.24 us gal) (159 l usable (35 imp/42 us gal)) by installation of optional fuel tank of 50 l (11 imp/13.2 us gal).

OIL **

Total engine capacity ..... (8 US quarts) 7.5 l
Usable capacity ..... (6 US quarts) 5.7 l

During the first 50 hours of operation:
Pure mineral oil

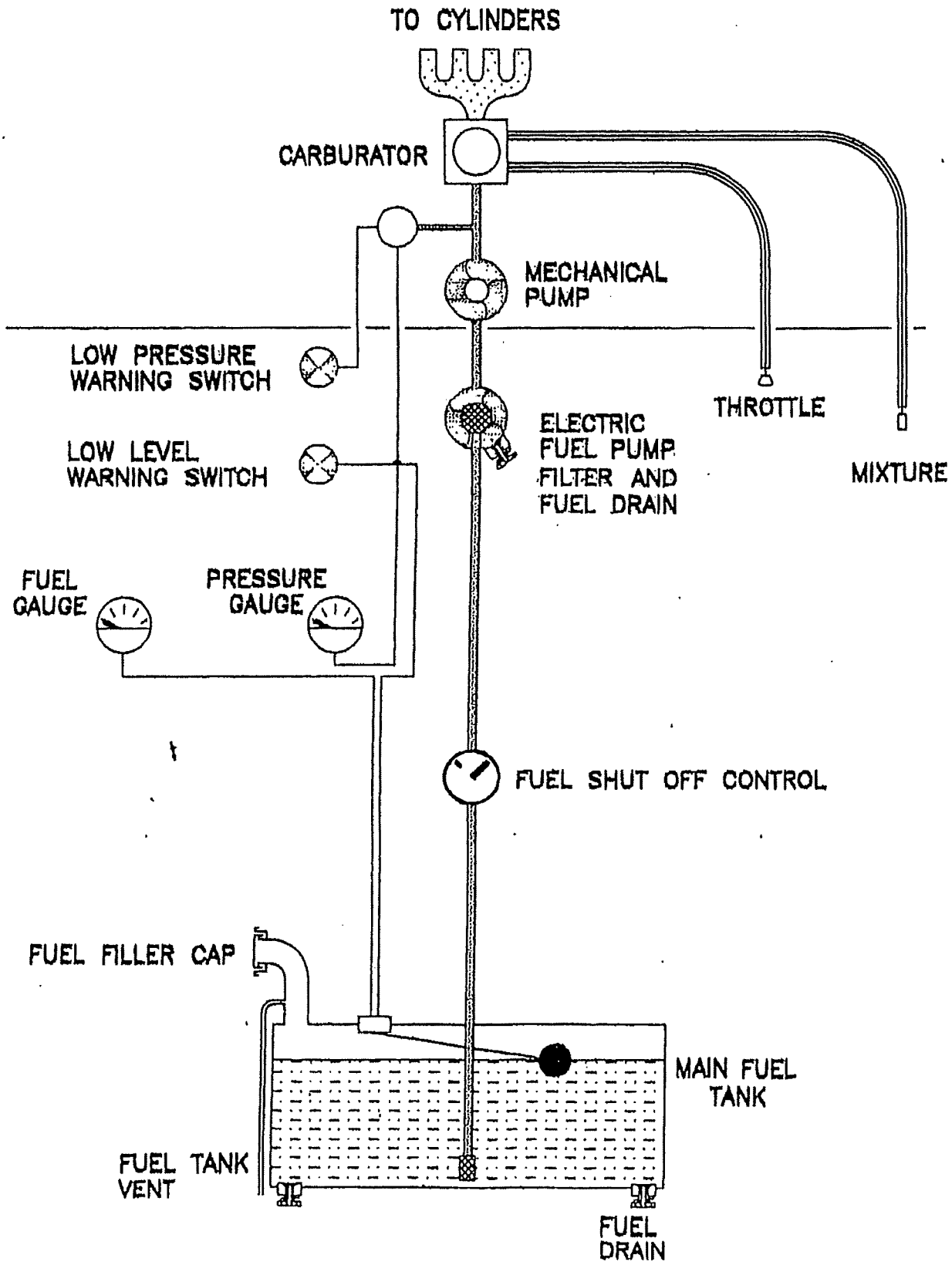
After the first 50 hours of operation:
Dispersant oil

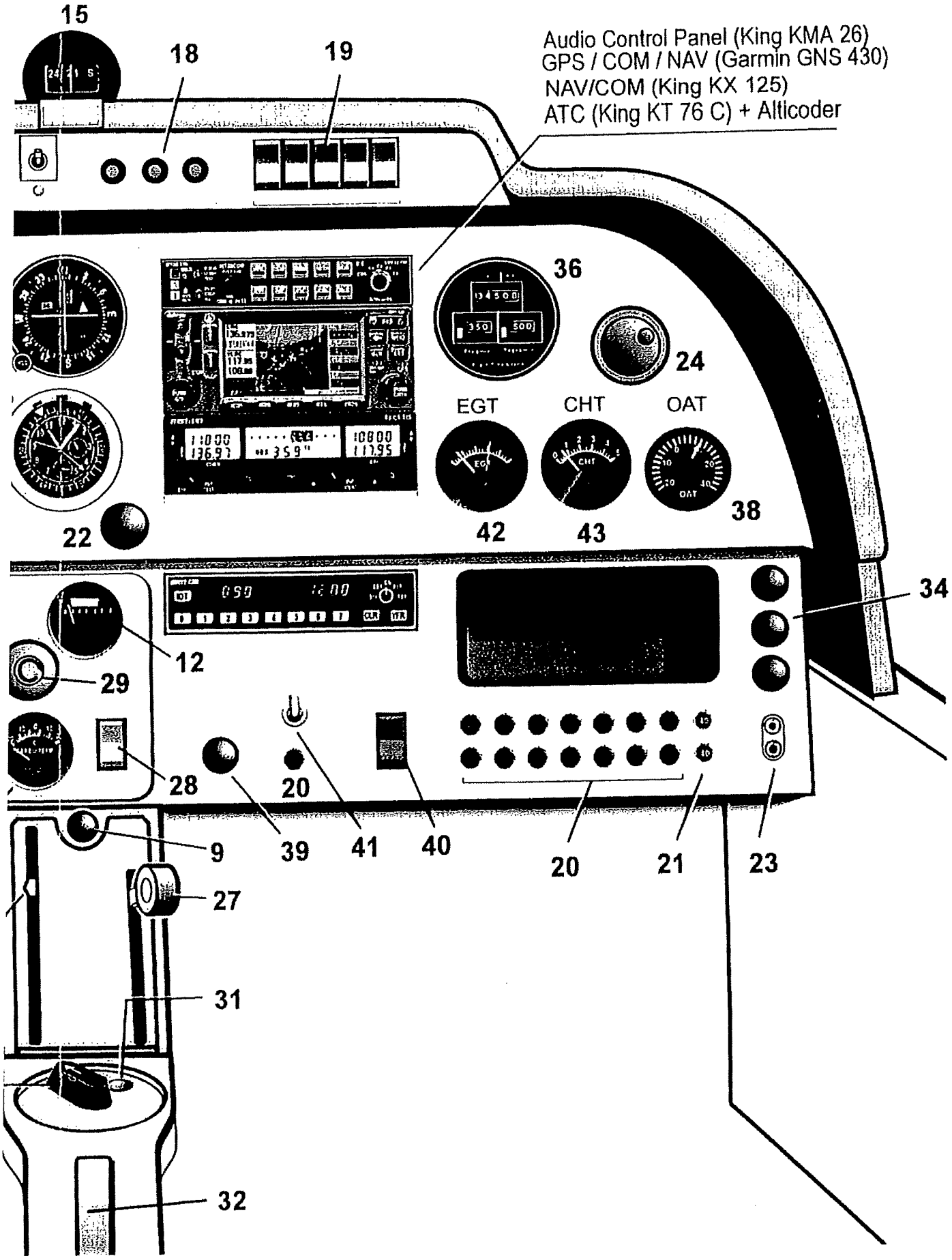
Grades

Oil	Dispersant	Pure mineral
All temperatures	SAE 15W50 or 20W50	------
above +25°C (80°F)	SAE 60	SAE 60
above +15°C (60°F)	SAE 40 or SAE 50	SAE 50
from 0°C to +30°C (30°F to 90°F)	SAE 40	SAE 40
from -15°C to +20°C (0°F to 70°F)	SAE 40, 30 or 20W40	SAE 30
below -10°C (10°F)	SAE 30 or 20W30	SAE 20

* Refer to Service Instruction Lycoming nr 1070 (last issue).
** Refer to Service Instruction Lycoming nr 1014 (last issue).

FUEL SYSTEM


TO CYLINDERS
CARBURATOR
MECHANICAL PUMP
LOW PRESSURE WARNING SWITCH
THROTTLE
ELECTRIC FUEL PUMP FILTER AND FUEL DRAIN
LOW LEVEL WARNING SWITCH
MIXTURE
FUEL GAUGE
PRESSURE GAUGE
FUEL SHUT OFF CONTROL
FUEL FILLER CAP
MAIN FUEL TANK
FUEL TANK VENT
FUEL DRAIN


15
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19
Audio Control Panel (King KMA 26)
GPS / COM / NAV (Garmin GNS 430)
NAV/COM (King KX 125)
ATC (King KT 76 C) + Alticoder
36
24
EGT
CHT
OAT
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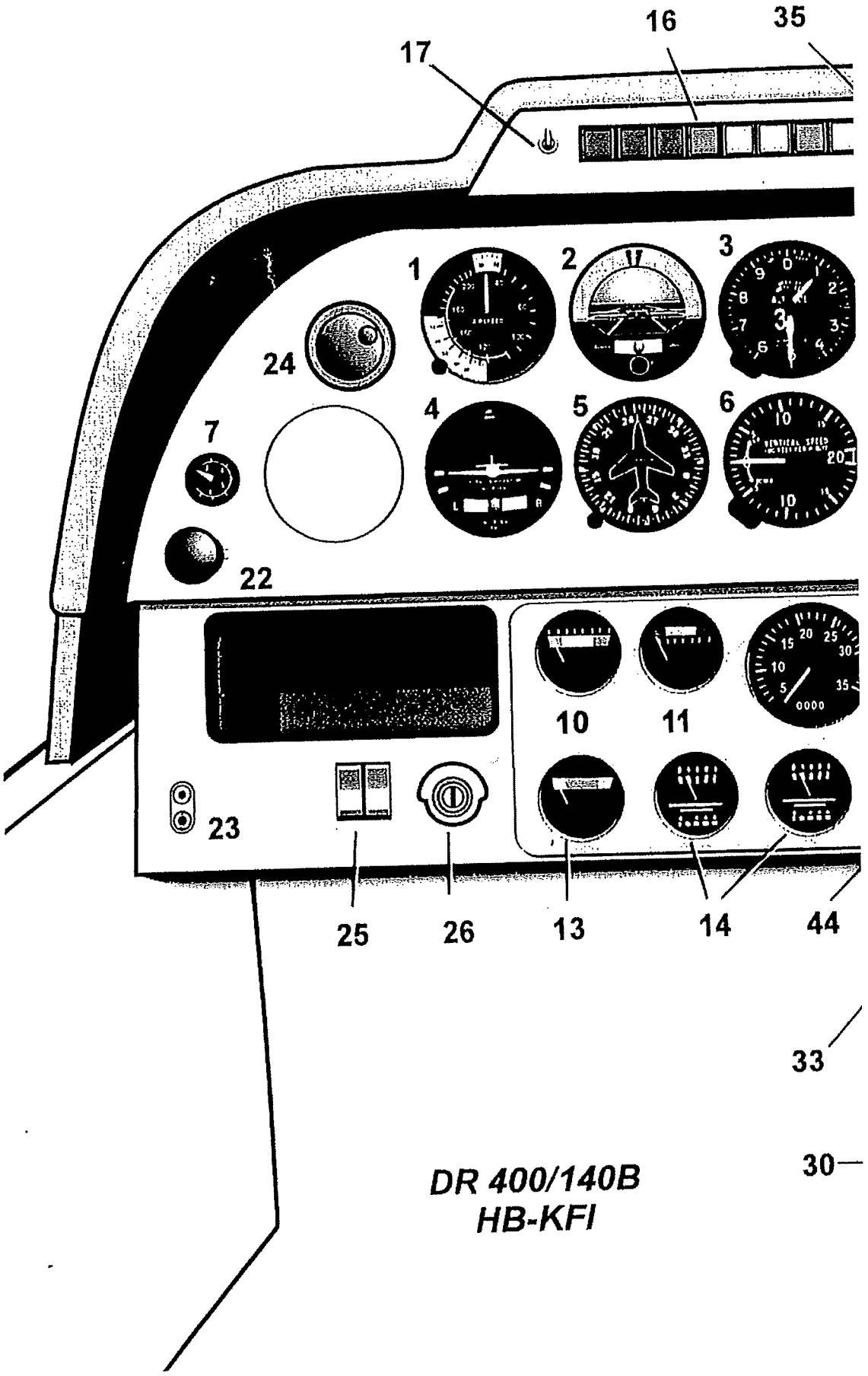
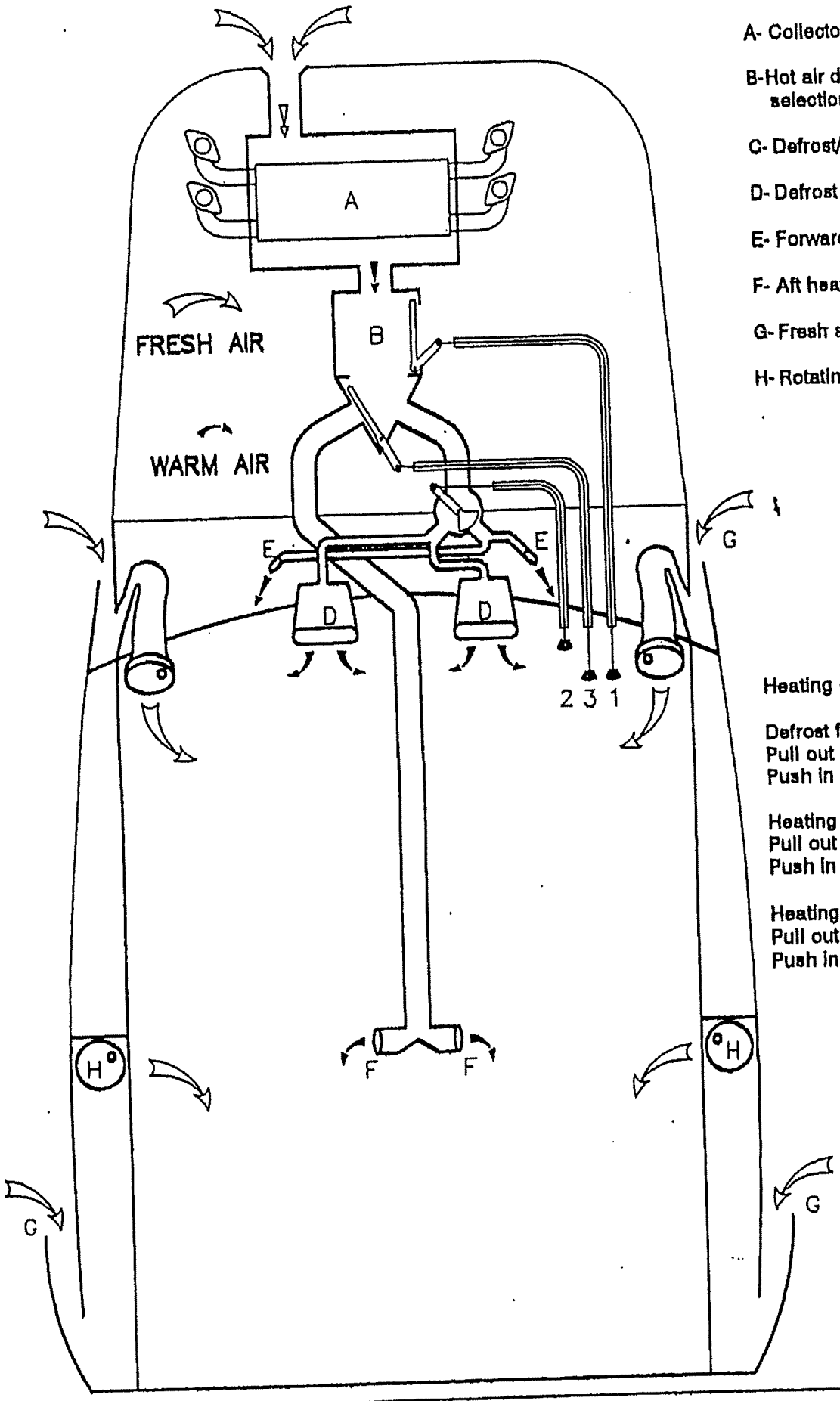


DR 400/140B
HB-KFI

PLANCHE DE BORD

HEATING AND VENTILATION



A- Collector/heat exchanger

B-Hot air distribution/Forward selection box

C- Defrost/Heating selection box

D- Defrost jet

E- Forward heating

F- Aft heating

G- Fresh air intake

H- Rotating cabin vent

Heating controls

Defrost forward:
Pull out 1
Push in 2 and 3

Heating forward:
Pull out 1 and 2
Push in 3

Heating aft:
Pull out 1 and 3
Push in 2

1 Airspeed indicator (TAS)
2 Gyro Horizon (with ball bank indicator)
3 Altimeter
4 Turn Coordinator
5 Directional Gyro
6 Rate of Climb indicator
7 Vacuum indicator
8 Tachometer
9 Parking brake control
10 Oil pressure indicator
11 Oil temperature indicator
12 Fuel pressure indicator
13 Voltmeter
14 Fuel level, main tank and auxilliary tank
15 Magnetic compass
16 Warning lights:
- oil pressure
- fuel pressure
- fuel low level
- alternator load
- starter engaged
- flaps extended
- pitot heat

(one unused light)
17 Lights test & day / night dimmer
18 Instrument panel lighting:
- light 1 (under glareshield)
- light 2 (overhead flood lights)
- radio (avionics integrated lighting)

19 Safety switches
- landing light
- taxi light
- strobe light,
- red beacon light
- navigation lights

20 Fuses (radio)
21 Safety switches (battery / alternator)
22 Throttle control (dual)
23 Mike & headset jacks
24 Fresh air vent, adjustable
25 Battery / Alternator safety switches
26 Magneto switch
27 Mixture control lever
28 Electric fuel pump switch
29 Carbu. heat control
30 Fuel shutt-off valve
31 Starter button
32 Elevator trim tab control wheel
33 Trim tab position indicator
34 Cabin heat / windshield demist controls
35 Remote ELT control (JE 290)
36 Flight time counter (Hösli)
37 VOR / LOC / Glideslope indicator (Garmin GI 106)
38 Outside air temperature indicator
39 Auxiliary tank valve control
40 Pitot heat (safety switch)
41 Radio master switch
42 Exhaust gas temperature (EGT)
43 Cylinder head temperature (CHT)
44 Carburetor air temperature
45 Chronometer

SECTION 2 LIMITATIONS

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NOTE

All speeds in this manual are Indicated Air Speeds unless otherwise specified

CERTIFICATION STANDARDS

The DR400/140B aircraft has been certified on the 09.11.75 in the "NORMAL" and "UTILITY" categories conforming to the following technical conditions:

- General conditions of regulation AIR 2052 updated 6 June 1966.
- Complementary conditions for conformity to FAR Part 23 Amendment 7.
- Special condition: the canopy must be jettisonable.

APPROVED OPERATIONS

VFR by day, in non-icing conditions

AIRSPEED LIMITATIONS	km/h	(kt)
Vne (never exceed)	308	(166)
Vno (max. cruise)	260	(140)
Va (max. maneuver)	215	(116)
Vfe (max. flaps extended)	170	(92)

AIRSPEED INDICATOR MARKINGS		km/h	kt
Red line (never exceed)	Vne	308	166
Yellow arc (operate with caution and only in "smooth air")	Vno - Vne	260 - 308	140 - 166
Green arc (normal operating range)	Vs1 - Vno	99 - 260	53 - 140
White arc	Vso - Vfe	87 - 170	47 - 92

LOAD FACTOR LIMITS AT GROSS WEIGHT

(2006 lb) 910 kg ("U" category)

Flaps up ..... n between + 4.4 and - 2.2
Flaps down ..... n = + 2

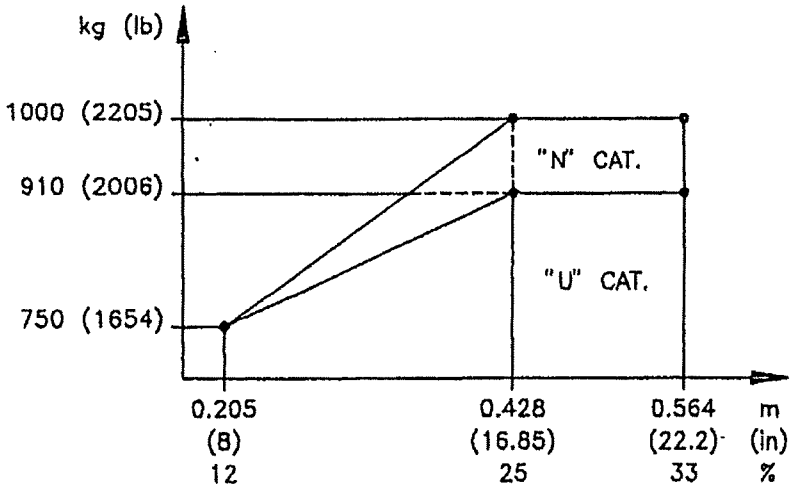
(2205 lb) 1000 kg ("N" category)

Flaps up ..... n between + 3.8 and - 1.9
Flaps down ..... n = + 2

MAXIMUM AUTHORIZED WEIGHTS

	"U" Cat.	"N" Cat.
On take off	(2006 lb) 910 kg	(2205 lb) 1000 kg
On landing	(2006 lb) 910 kg	(2205 lb) 1000 kg

WEIGHT AND BALANCE



Levelling ..... Upper fuselage longeron
Datum ..... wing leading edge, rectangular section
Chord line ..... (67.3 in) 1.71 m

LOAD PLANNING

(Refer also to weight and balance chart, section 6)

The weight of engine oil, as well as unusable fuel, must be included in the empty weight of the aircraft.

	Weight kg (lb)	Arm m (in)
Front seats	2 x 77 (2 x 170)	0.36 - 0.46 (14) - (18)
Rear seats (*)	2 x 77 (2 x 170)	1.19 (47)
Fuel Main fuselage tank	72 (159)	1.12 (44)
Baggage (**)	40 (88)	1.9 (75)

** Within the authorized weight and balance limits.

* The carriage of more than two passengers (with a total weight below or equal to the maximum indicated) is authorized on the rear bench, provided that passenger seat belts are installed for each passenger, and that weight and balance are within the stated limits.

ENGINE LIMITATIONS

Continuous starter operation .....30 sec.
Maximum rpm (red line) .....2700 rpm
Maximum cylinder head temperature (red line) ..... (500°F) 260 °C

TACHOMETER MARKINGS

Green arc .....2000 to 2700 rpm
Red line .....2700 rpm

FUEL

Aviation petroleum * ..... AVGAS 100 LL
Grade * ..... (octane) 100 minimum
Maximum total capacity .....(24.2 imp/29 us gal) 110 l
Usable total capacity .....(24 imp/28.7 us gal) 109 l
Unusable capacity ..... (0.22 imp/0.26 us gal) 1 l
Normal pressure .....(0.5 to 8 psi) 35 to 550 mbar

Total fuel capacity can be increased to 160 l (35.2 imp/ 42.24 us gal) (159 l usable (35 imp/42 us gal)) by installation of auxiliary fuel tank of 50 l (11 imp/13.2 us gal).

OIL

Maximum temperature (red line) ..... (245°F) 118°C
Normal temperature (green arc) ..... (140 to 245°F) 60 to 118°C
Normal pressure (green arc) ..... (55 to 95 psi) 3.8 to 6.5 bar
Minimum idle pressure (red line) .....(25 psi) 1.70 bar
Maximum pressure (red line) .....(115 psi) 7.9 bar
Total engine capacity ..... (8 US quarts) 7.5 l
Usable capacity ..... (6 US quarts) 5.7 l
Grades .....see page 1.08

* Refer to Service Instruction Lycoming n° 1070 (last issue)

LOAD LIMITS

Number of occupants:
Front seats 2
Rear seats 2

Baggage compartment:
Maximum authorized weight .....(88 lb) 40 kg

OPERATIONAL LIMITATIONS IN THE "U" CATEGORY

Within the limits of this category, the following maneuvres are authorized:

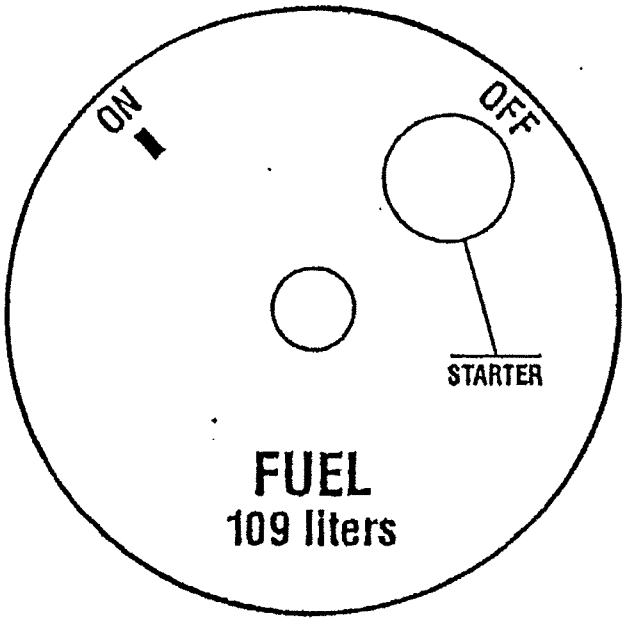
- Steep turns (60°)
- Lazy eights
- Zooms
- Flight at minimum controllable air speed

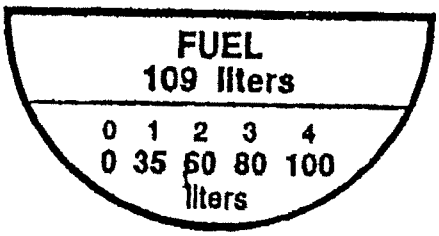
These maneuvres must be carried out within the conditions below:

- The rear seats must be unoccupied
- Entry and exit speeds must be within the normal operating range
- Recommended entry speed: (116 kt) 215 km/h

THIS AIRCRAFT MUST BE USED FOR NORMAL OR UTILITY FLYING ONLY, IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE APPROVED FLIGHT MANUAL. ON THIS AIRCRAFT, ALL INDEXES, MARKINGS & PLACARDS CORRESPOND TO NORMAL UTILISATION.
FOR UTILITY OPERATION, REFER TO THE APPROVED FLIGHT MANUAL.

VA MANEUVERING SPEED: 116 kt - 215 km/h
NO AEROBATIC MANEUVRES ALLOWED
APPROVED FOR VFR BY DAY IN NON-ICING CONDITIONS
SPINS PROHIBITED, NO SMOKING

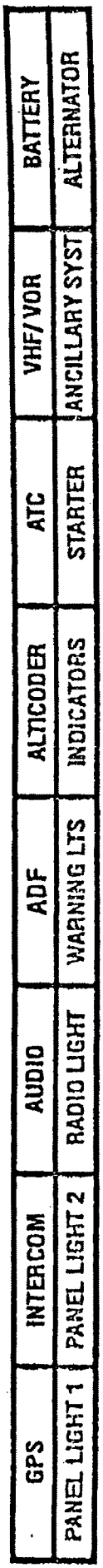


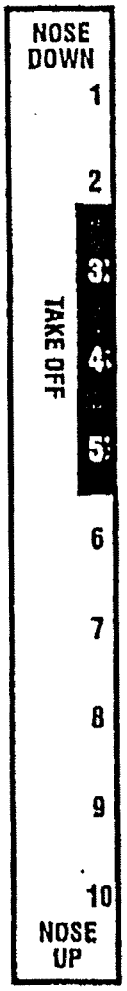


AVGAS 100LL
110 liters
24.2 imp/29 US Gal

NO HOLD

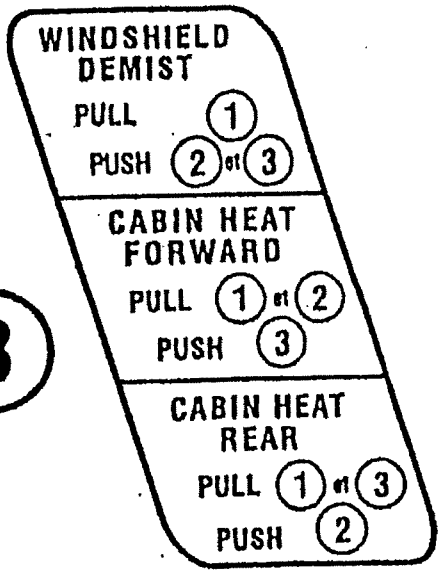
NO STEP





BAGGAGE BAY MAX. LOAD
40 kg
SEE LOADING DIAGRAM

CARBU HEAT (PULL)

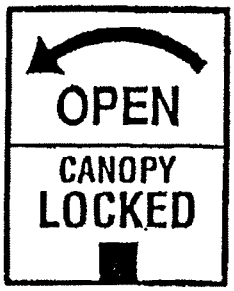


PARKING BRAKE

BRAKE ON
PRESS FIRMLY ON BOTH PEDALS & KEEP THE PRESSURE ON WHILE PULLING THE CONTROL.
BRAKE OFF
PUSH THE CONTROL

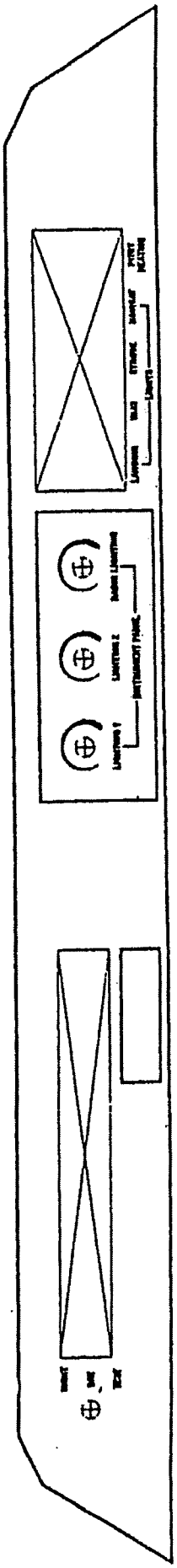
OPEN

CLOSED



PARKING BRAKE

CANOPY RELEASE (PULL)



TRAIN PRINCIPAL / MAIN GEAR / HAUPTFAHRWERK	
PNEU / TYRE / REIFEN	2 bar / 29 psi
AMORTISSEUR / SHOCK ABSORB. / STOSSDÄMFER	6 bar / 87 psi

TRAIN AVANT / NOSE GEAR / BUGRAD	
PNEU / TYRE / REIFEN	1.8 bar / 26 psi
AMORTISSEUR / SHOCK ABSORB. / STOSSDÄMFER	5 bar / 73 psi

LIQUIDE DE FREINS HYDRAULIC FLUID BREMSFLÜSSIGKEIT	AIR 3520 MIL. H.5606-A SHELL FLUID 4 BP Hydraulic 1 (Aero)

MIKE / HEADSET

ELECTR PUMP

BAT	ALT

ANCILLARY SYSTEMS | STARTER | WARNING LAMPS | INDICATORS

SECTION 3 EMERGENCY PROCEDURES

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ENGINE FAILURE DURING TAKE OFF (ROLL)

With sufficient runway remaining:

Throttle to idle, and stop in the runway axis using brakes as required.

Without sufficient runway remaining:

Throttle ..... idle
Brakes ..... apply heavily
Mixture ..... idle cut-off
Fuel valve ..... off
Magneto switch ..... off
Battery switch ..... off

ENGINE FAILURE IMMEDIATELY AFTER TAKE OFF

Glide speed (flaps in take off position) ..... (73 kt) 135 km/h
Mixture ..... idle cut-off
Fuel valve ..... off
Magneto switch ..... off
Battery switch ..... off

NOTE CAREFULLY

Land straight ahead, with only small direction changes to avoid obstructions.

Never try to turn back to the runway, as altitude after take off is seldom sufficient.

ENGINE FAILURE IN FLIGHT

If altitude is evaluated to be sufficient to try an engine restart:

- Establish maximum glide speed, flaps up 145 km/h (78 kt). In these conditions, and without wind, the aircraft covers approximately 9.3 times its altitude.

- Fuel valve ..... open
- Electric pump ..... on
- Mixture ..... fully rich
- Throttle ..... 1/4 travel forward
- Magnetos switch ..... L+R ("Both")

If the propeller still turns, the engine should restart.

If the propeller is stopped, operate the starter.

If the engine still does not start, prepare for a forced landing, following the procedure below.

POWER OFF FORCED LANDING OFF AIRFIELD

Look for a suitable landing area:
Belts and harness ..... tight
Electric pump ..... off
Mixture ..... idle cut-off
Throttle ..... to idle
Magneto switch ..... off
Fuel valve ..... off
Alternator switch ..... off
Battery switch ..... off

Final

Flaps ..... full down
Canopy ..... unlock

PRECAUTIONARY POWER LANDING OFF AIRFIELD

Fly over the choosen field several times at low speed (130 km/h - 70 kt) in order to locate the most suitable landing area, flaps in "take off" position (1st notch) then make a precautionary approach at 120 km/h (65 kt), flaps in "landing" position (2nd notch).

On final, unlock the canopy.

Before touchdown

Magneto switch ..... off
Battery switch ..... off

NOTE: IN CASE OF CANOPY JAMMING

Canopy handle in "open" position.

Free the two canopy release levers located on the arm rests, on both sides of the instrument panel, and place them in vertical position.

FIRE

Engine fire during starting

Keep the engine turning with:
Fuel valve ..... off
Electric pump ..... off
Throttle ..... full power
Mixture ..... idle cut-off

The aim of this procedure is to make the engine "swallow" the accumulated fuel in the inlet pipes (generally following an excess of fuel injection during a difficult engine start).

If the fire continues

Magneto switch ..... off
Battery switch ..... off
Alternator switch ..... off

Abandon the aircraft, and try to extinguish the fire with the aids available: fire extinguishers, covers, clothing, or sand.

Engine fire in flight

Fuel valve ..... off
Throttle ..... full power until engine stops
Mixture ..... idle cut-off
Electric pump ..... off
Alternator switch ..... off
Cabin heat and ventilation ..... off
Establish maximum glide speed ..... (78 kt) 145 km/h

Prepare for a forced landing off airfield, following the procedures in the chapter "Power off forced landing off airfield".

Do not attempt to restart the engine.

Cabin fire

Extinguish the fire by all means possible (optional extinguisher).

To eliminate smoke, apply maximum ventilation.

In case of an electrical fire (fumes indicating insulation burning):

Cabin ventilation ..... reduce
Alternator switch ..... off
Battery switch ..... off
Battery breaker ..... pull out
Alternator breaker ..... pull out

Land quickly if the fire continues.

VIBRATIONS AND ENGINE ROUGHNESS OPERATION

Vibrations and engine roughness operation are generally due to (verify in this order):

- Carburator icing: see paragraph "ICING" on next page

- Mixture set too rich or too lean: adjust the mixture (see section 4)

- Contamination in the fuel system: verify fuel pressure. Switch on the electric pump

- Ignition failure: magneto switch on "L", then on "R", then return to "Both". Select the position providing best engine operation, and fly to the nearest airfield, at reduced power, and adjust mixture control to obtain smooth operation.

LOW OIL PRESSURE

In case of low oil pressure indication, check oil temperature, and if it is too high (red arc):

- Reduce power

- Flight to the nearest airfield, and prepare for an off airfield landing

ICING

Proceed as follows when inadvertently encountering icing:

- Carburator heat on
- Increase power in order to reduce ice built-up to minimum
- Switch on pitot heat (if installed)
- Select maximum cabin heat, and direct the total output to the windscreen (position "defrost") in order to remove the ice quickly
- Turn back, or change altitude, to obtain an outside air temperature less conducive to icing
- Plan to land at the nearest airfield

With an extremely rapid ice build-up, carry out a forced landing.

Remember that a layer of 0.5 cm (0.2 in) on the wing leading edge fairly increases stall speed. If needed, use a higher than normal approach speed: 135 km/h (73 kt).

REMARKS

If continuous carburator heat is deamed necessary, it is imperative to adjust the mixture control to obtain normal engine operation.

Always use carburator heat fully on or fully off, in certain cases, an intermediate position could increase icing.

ELECTRICAL POWER SUPPLY MALFUNCTION

Alternator failure is indicated when the amber "alternator failure" light on the warning panel is lit, and a progressive drop in voltage (shown on the voltmeter).

If "alternator failure" is lit

Switch off the alternator, then back on.
This operation resets the overvoltage relay which may have cut-out due to a translant overvoltage.

If the failure continues

- Switch off the alternator
- Switch off all electrical equipment not essential for continuing the flight
- Land as soon as possible, and have the electrical system inspected

NOTE

An alternator failure does not prevent the engine from operating normally.

INADVERTENT SPIN

Should a spin occur, use the following procedure:

- Throttle ..... Idle
- Rudder ..... maximum opposite to direction of rotation
- Elevator ..... neutral
- Ailerons ..... neutral
- Once rotation stops, rudder to neutral position and recover within flight limitations.

NOTE

If flaps are down when spin begins, retract them immediately.

LOSS OF ELEVATOR CONTROL

In the event of loss of elevator control (accidental disconnection):

- Stabilize the aircraft in level flight, flaps up, at 130 km/h (70 kt), using the elevator trim and throttle.

- Do not change the elevator trim setting, and control the angle of descent only with throttle. Reduce power only on short final, and near to the ground.

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SECTION 4 NORMAL PROCEDURES

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LOADING

Before each flight, insure that the total weight and the load balance are within the established limits. For this, use the weight and balance chart in Section 6.

NORMAL OPERATING SPEEDS

The speeds reminded hereunder are Indicated Air Speeds recommended for normal operations.

They are based on a standard aircraft, operated at gross weight, in standard atmosphere, at sea level. They can change from one aircraft to another, depending on installed equipment, aircraft and engine condition, atmospheric conditions and pilot proficiency.

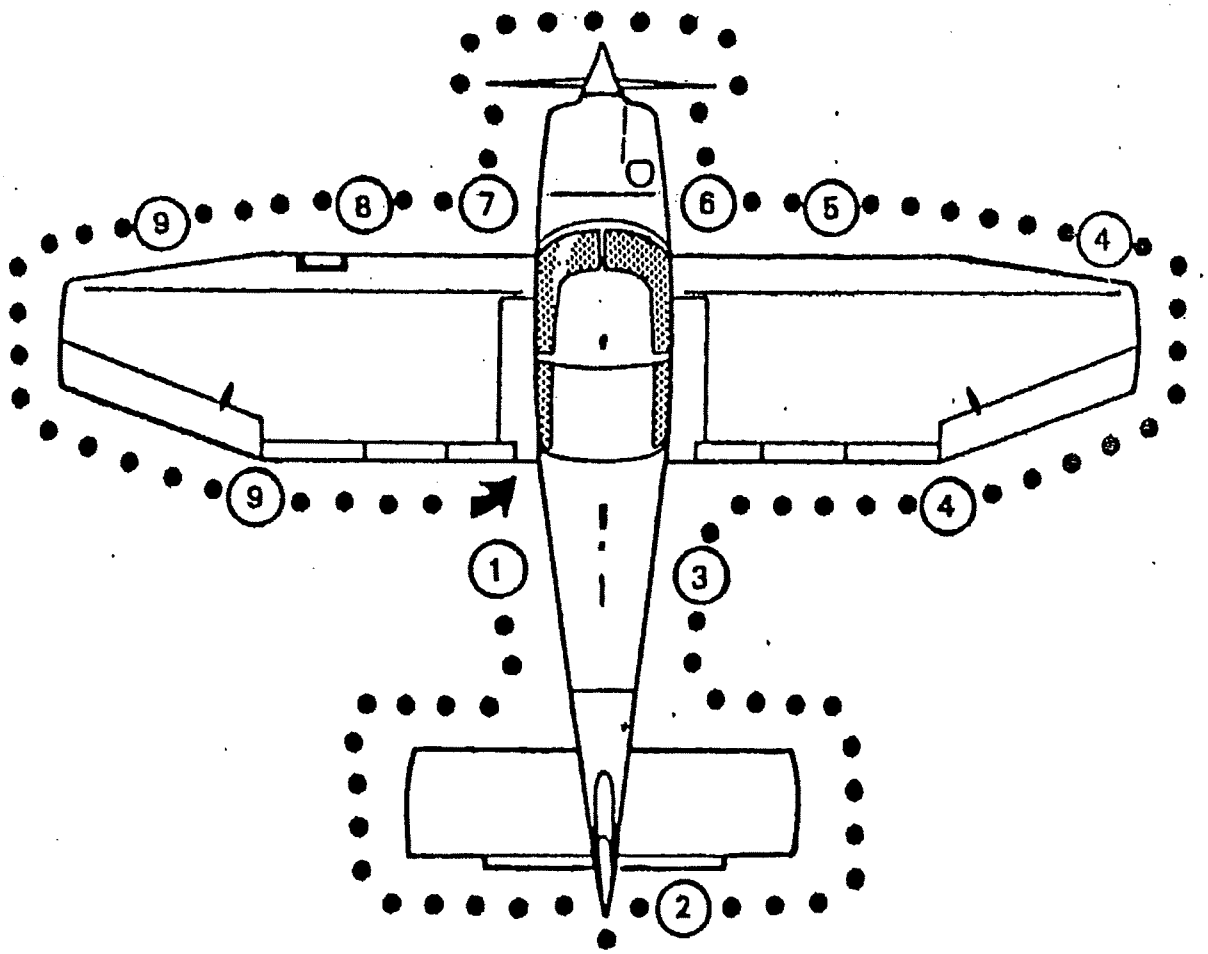
- Best rate of climb speed
  flaps in take off position (1st notch) ..... (78 kt) 145 km/h
  flaps up ..... (86 kt) 160 km/h

- Best angle of climb speed
  flaps in take off position (1st notch) ..... (70 kt) 130 km/h
  flaps up ..... (70 kt) 130 km/h

- Maximum operating speed in turbulence
  flaps up ..... (140 kt) 260 km/h

- Maximum speed
  flaps in landing position (2nd notch) ..... (92 kt) 170 km/h

- Landing speed final approach
  flaps in landing position (2nd notch) ..... (62 kt) 115 km/h



PRE-FLIGHT INSPECTION

To be performed before each flight.
This inspection may be reduced after intermediate on route landings.

Magneto switch ..... "OFF"
Controls ..... free
Flaps ..... check operation
Battery switch ..... on
Fuel quantity ..... check
Battery switch ..... off
Aircraft documents ..... check availability on board
Baggage ..... check stowing

Check flight controls displacements, then make an aircraft walk-around inspection (as shown above) beginning at the fuselage left side.

1	Fuel filler cap	In place, locked
	Static vent	clean, unobstructed
	Fuselage main tank drain valve (left or right depending on aircraft bank)	actuated
2	Horizontal stabilizer	surface condition, hinges without clearance
	Rudder	check hinges and clearance
3	Static vent	clean, unobstructed
4	Flap and aileron	check condition and hinges
	Wing tip and navigation light (optional)	check condition
5	Stall warning	clean, check displacement
	Right main landing gear	check, oil cap secured, panel closed
		normal shock absorber compression
		tyre inflated
6	Fuel drain valve	actuated
	Oil level	check, oil cap secured, panel closed
	Engine cowl attachment	check
	Propeller	clean, in good condition
	Propeller spinner	no play
	Air inlets	clean, unobstructed
7	Nose gear	check atachment and fairing condition
		normal shock absorber compression
		tyre inflated
		tow-bar removed
	Exhaust pipes	rigid
	Canopy cleanliness	check
8	Left main landing gear	check attachment and fairing condition
		normal shock absorber compression
		tyre inflated
	Pitot	clean, unobstructed
	Lights (optional)	glass clean
9	Wing tip and navigation light (optional)	check condition
	Flap and aileron	check condition and hinges

CABIN INTERIOR CHECK PRIOR START-UP

Canopy ..... closed and locked
Parking brake ..... locked
Front seats ..... adjusted and locked
Belts and harnesses ..... adjusted and fastened
Flight controls ..... free, without play or excessive friction
..... (check rudder on taxi)
Elevator trim ..... verify travel
..... then return to take-off position
Master switch ..... on

STARTING ENGINE

Normal procedure

Carburator heat ..... full out (push in)
Mixture ..... full push in
Strobe light if installed (optional) ..... on
Gauges ..... check
Fuel valve ..... check operation, open
Magneto switch L
Electric pump ..... on
Throttle ..... carry out 2 or 3 injections, then 1/4 travel forward
Propeller area ..... clear
Starter ..... on (max. operation time 30 sec.)
When engine fires magneto switch ..... L+R ("Both")

Hot engine procedure

Same as "Normal procedure", but without injection.

Cold weather procedure

Same as "Normal procedure", but keeping successive injections up to 900 to 1000 rpm.

Engine "flooded"

Electric pump ..... off
Mixture ..... idle cut off (pull out)
Throttle ..... full throttle (push in)
Starter ..... operate for several seconds

As soon as the engine starts, advance mixture control to "rich", and resume the normal procedure, without injection.

ATTENTION

Avoid operating the starter for more than 30 seconds. Wait at least a minute before operating it again.

As soon as the engine is running, verify the engine oil pressure. If it is zero after 15 to 20 seconds, switch off and investigate the cause.

AFTER THE ENGINE STARTS

Rpm ..... 1200 rpm
Electric pump ..... off
Alternator switch ..... on
Voltmeter ..... green range
Vacuum gauge ..... check
Lights ..... test

COM/NAV, navigation instruments ..... on, set
Altimeter ..... set
Vacuum gauge if installed (optional) ..... check

TAXIING

Parking brake ..... unlocked
Brakes ..... test
Turn and bank indicator if installed (optional) ..... check
Directional gyro if installed (optional) ..... check setting
Avoid exceeding 1200 rpm as long as oil temperature remains in the yellow range.

ENGINE RUN UP

Parking brake ..... locked
Oil pressure and temperature ..... green range
Fuel pressure ..... green range
Mixture ..... full push in
Carburator heat ..... full out

Magnetos check

Throttle ..... 2000 rpm
Magneto selection:
Max. drop between (L) or (R) and (L+R) ..... 175 rpm
Max. difference between (L) and (R) ..... 50 rpm

Carburator heat check

Carburator heat ..... full on (pull out)
Check rpm drop ..... about 100 rpm
Carburator heat ..... full out (push in)

Mixture check

Lean untill rpm reduction, then return to "full rich".

Engine idle check

Throttle ..... 600 to 650 rpm

BEFORE TAKE OFF

Controls ..... free
Magneto switch ..... L + R ("Both")
Cabin (seats, belts, canopy) ..... check
Fuel shut off control ..... on
Electric pump ..... on
Elevator trim ..... take off position
Instruments ..... check, set
Flaps ..... fully down, then return to take off position (1st notch)
Throttle ..... "holding" 1200 rpm

TAKE OFF

Normal take off

Take off minimum rpm ..... 2200 rpm
Take off speed ..... (54 kt) 100 km/h
Initial climb speed ..... (65 kt) 120 km/h

After obstacle clearance,

Reduce angle of climb to obtain ..... (78 kt) 145 km/h
Electric pump ..... off
Fuel pressure ..... check (green range)
Flaps ..... up

Short take off

Flaps ..... (1str notch) take-off position
Apply full power, brakes applied
then release the brakes ..... mini 2200 tr/mn
Take off speed ..... (54 kt) 100 km/h
Then, if necessary (to clear an obstacle)
best angle of climb speed ..... (70 kt) 130 km/h

Cross wind take off

Flaps ..... (1st notch) take off position
Ailerons .....Into the wind
Take off at a slightly higher airspeed than normal.
Correct drift in the normal way (max. bank angle, close to the ground: 15°)

Demonstrated crosswind (22 kt) 40 km/h

CLIMB

Normal climb (flaps up)

Set climb speed 160 km/h (86 kt); 140 km/h (75 kt) at 10 000 ft.

Above 5000 ft, adjust mixture.

Best angle of climb

A better rate of climb is obtained at 130 km/h (70 kt), flaps in take off position (1st notch), or flaps up.

NOTE

This type of climb should only be used exceptionally, due to poor engine cooling

CRUISE

Refer to Section 5 for rpm settings and cruise performance.

Operation of mixture control

Maintain mixture control in the "full rich" position during take off and in the climb.

In certain conditions (high altitude take off, long climb above 5000 ft), this setting could be too rich, and results in irregular engine operation or loss of power.

In these cases, adjust the mixture to recover regular engine operation, and not for fuel economy.

Mixture adjustment when in stable cruise:

Progressively lean the mixture until a slight reduction in rpm is noted; then lightly enrich to re-establish power and normal engine operation.

NOTE

Take care not to lean the mixture too much, which would cause engine overheating.

ALWAYS ENRICH THE MIXTURE BEFORE AN INCREASE IN POWER.

DESCENT

Rapid descent

Power ..... as required to maintain the desired descent path
Carburator heat ..... as required full on or full out
Each 1500 ft, apply power to avoid excessive engine cooling and to clean the spark plugs.

Approach or down wind

Mixture ..... fully rich (push in)
Electric pump ..... on
Carburator heat ..... as required full on or full out
Cabin (belts and seats) ..... check
Flaps ..... below 170 km/h (92 kt) (1st notch) in take off position
Speed ..... (81 kt) 150 km/h
Elevator trim ..... set
Roll stabilizer or Autopilot (if installed) ..... off

Final

Carburator heat ..... full out (push in)
Flaps ..... below 150 km/h (81 kt) (2nd notch) landing position
Approach speed ..... (62 kt) 115 km/h
Elevator trim ..... set

LANDING

Short landing

Flaps ..... (2nd notch) landing position
Approach speed ..... (with throttle setting) (62 kt) 115 km/h
After touch down, brake heavily keeping nose up with elevator and retracting flaps.

Landing in crosswind or gusty conditions

Flaps ..... (1st notch) take off position
Approach speed ..... (70 kt) 130 km/h + 1/2 gust speed
Drift ..... correct in the normal way
Demonstrated crosswind ..... (22 kt) 40 km/h

Overshoot procedure

Carburator heat off (pushed) ..... check
Throttle ..... full (push in)
Speed ..... (65 kt) 120 km/h
Progressively raise flaps to the take-off position (1st notch), then establish normal climb speed ..... (75 kt) 140 km/h

AFTER LANDING

Electric pump ..... off
Flaps ..... up
Navigation instruments ..... off

ENGINE SHUT-DOWN

Parking brake ..... tight
Flaps ..... down
COM/NAV and electrical equipment ..... off
Magneto cut-off check at idle ..... off, then L + R ("Both")
Rpm ..... 1000 rpm
Mixture ..... idle cut-off (pull out)

After the engine stops

Magneto switch ..... off
Alternator switch ..... off
Battery switch ..... off
When wheel chocks in place ..... release the parking brake

PARKING BRAKE USE

Brake on

Press on both pedals. Keep pressure on, while pulling the parking brake control upwards. Then, release the pressure on the pedals (the parking brake control remains in the pulled position).

Brake off

Push the control down.

SECTION 5 PERFORMANCE

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NOISE LIMITATION

In compliance with the decree of 19.02.1987, the maximum acceptable noise level for the DR400/140B aircraft, at a certified gross weight of (2205 lb) 1000 kg is 83.2 dB(A) (ICAO Annex 16 Chapter 10).

The noise level determined under the conditions of the decree, is 74.9 dB(A) at maximum continuous power.

The DR400/140B aircraft has received noise limitation certificate nr N45.

AIRSPEED INSTALLATION CALIBRATION

VC = (VI + calibration) is substantially equal to VI

The above figures do not take into account the ASI own tolerance

NOTE

All speeds in this manual are Indicated Airspeeds unless otherwise specified.

STALL SPEEDS

Engine idling, weight: 1000 kg (2205 lb)	km/h (kt)		
Bank angle	0°	30°	60°
Flaps up	99 (54)	106 (58)	140 (76)
Flaps 1st notch, take off position	93 (51)	99 (54)	131 (71)
Flaps 2nd notch, landing position	87 (47)	93 (51)	123 (67)

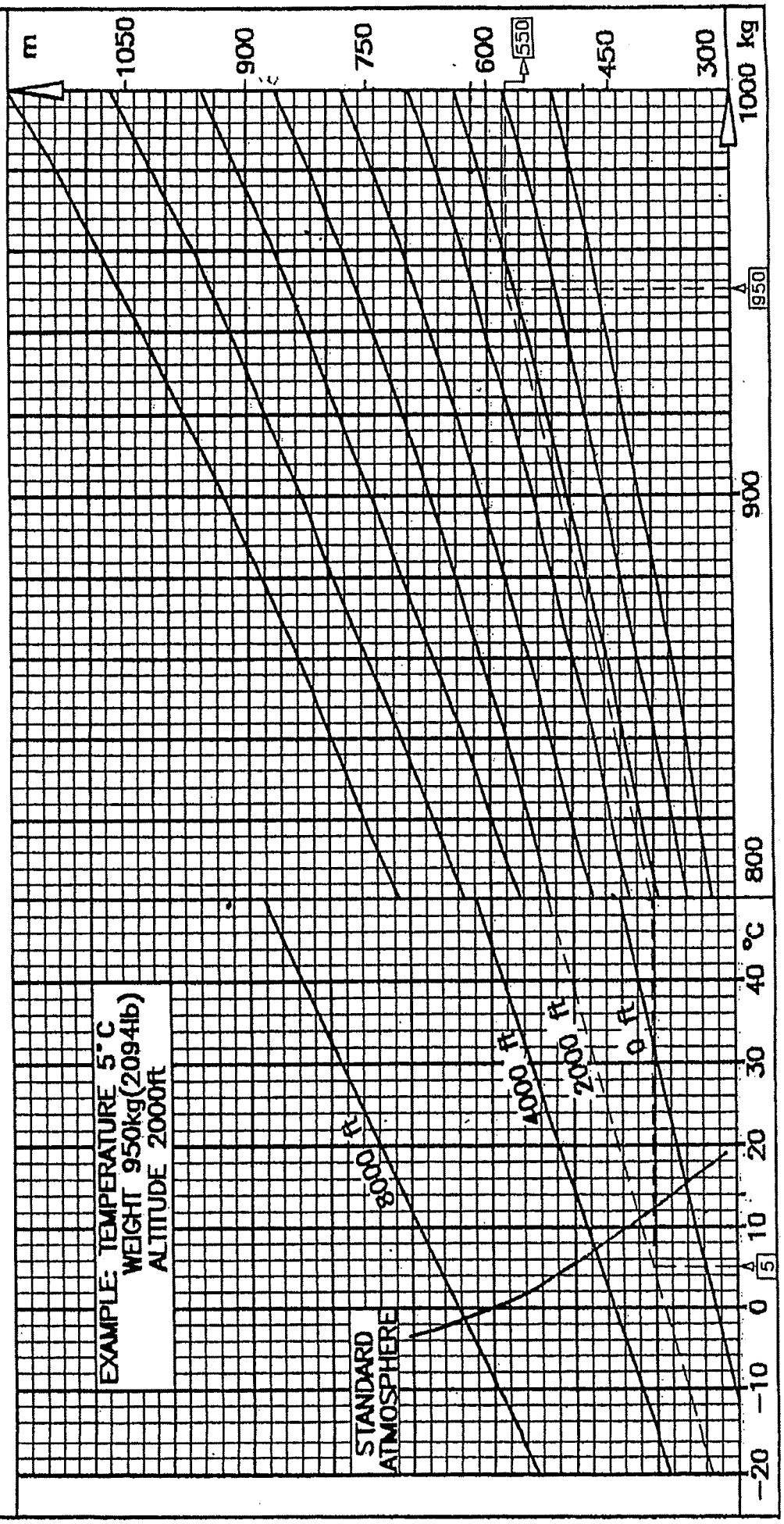
TAKE-OFF PERFORMANCE

WITHOUT WIND
FLAPS IN TAKE-OFF POSITION
ENGINE FULL POWER
DRIED AND PLANE CONCRETE RUNWAY
OVER 15m(50ft) V=120km/h (65kt)
TAKE-OFF,V=100km/h (54kt)

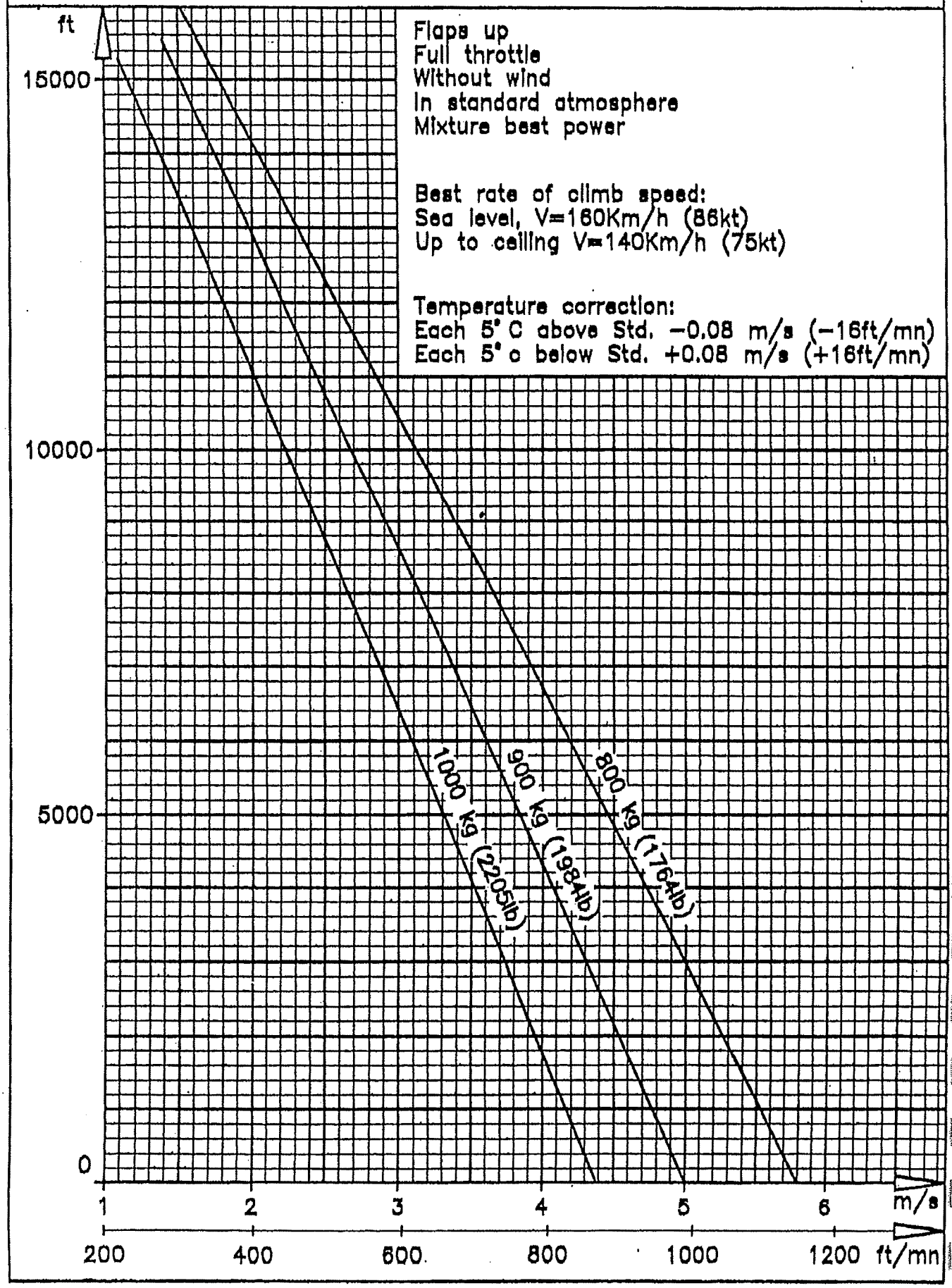
HEAD WIND INFLUENCE: FOR 10kt MULTIPLY BY 0.79
FOR 20kt MULTIPLY BY 0.64
FOR 30kt MULTIPLY BY 0.53

DOWN WIND INFLUENCE: ADD 10% TO DISTANCE PER SECTION OF 2kt

DRIED GRASS RUNWAY: ADD 15%



CLIMB PERFORMANCE



CLIMB PERFORMANCE

1) Flaps, take-off position (1st notch):

At maximum weight of 1000 kg (2205 lb) in standard atmosphere

Best rate of climb speed ..... (78 kt) 145 km/h
Best angle of climb speed ..... (70 kt) 130 km/h

Temperature influence:

Each 10°C above standard, lowers the ceiling by 1000 ft and reduces rate of climb by 0.24 m/s (47 ft/mn).

Glide performance

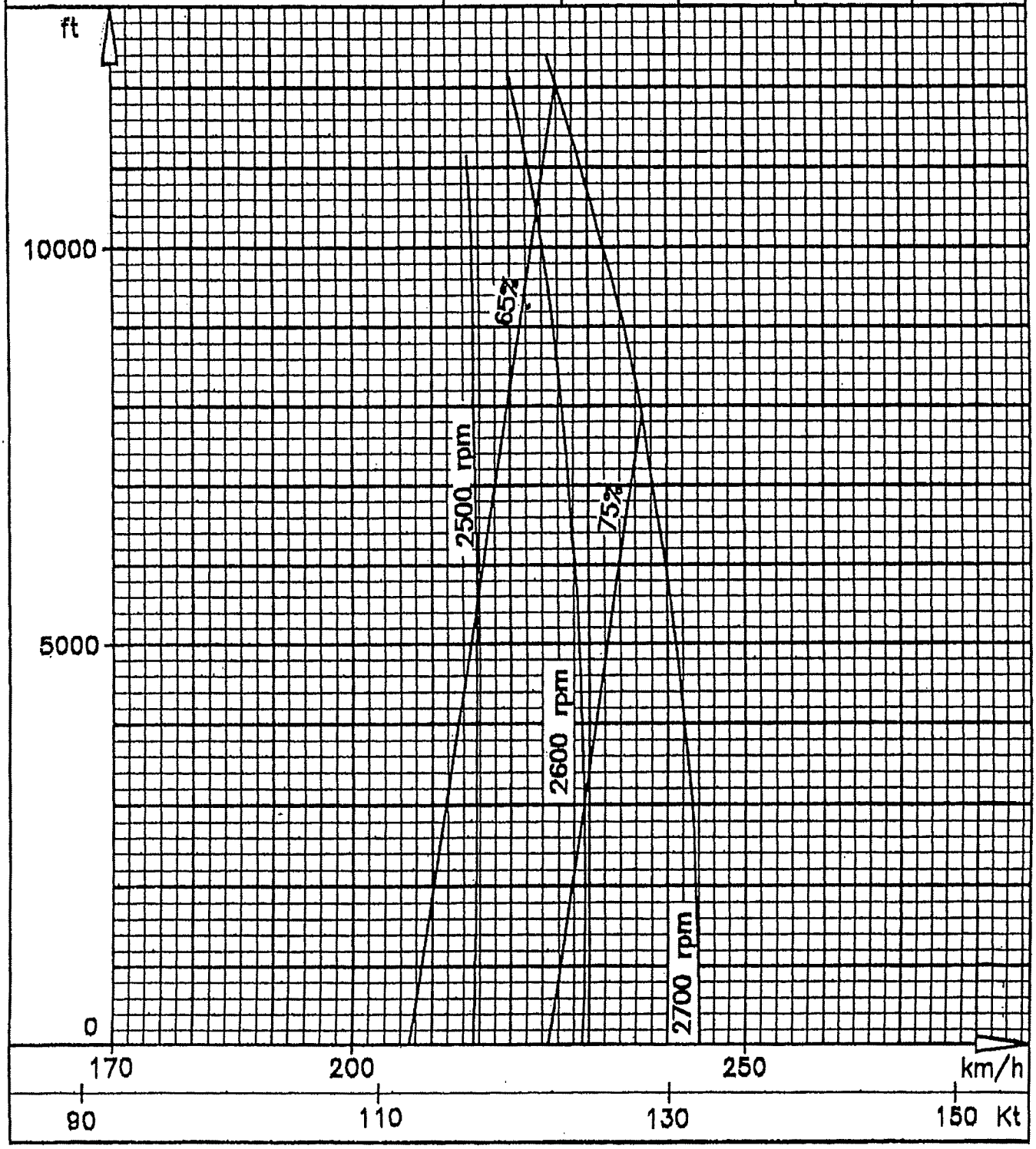
Engine off, the aircraft glides 9,3 times its height (without wind) at 145 km/h (78 kt).

Altitude and temperature do not have perceptible influence.

CRUISE PERFORMANCE

At gross weight 1000kg (2205lb)
In standard atmosphere
Without wind
Optimum mixture setting

Power	Fuel consumption l/h (us gal/h) 75 % l/h	75 % us gal/h	65 % l/h	65 % us gal/h
2700	39.3	10.3	34.7	9.1
2600	38.3	10.1	33.8	8.9
2500			33	8.7

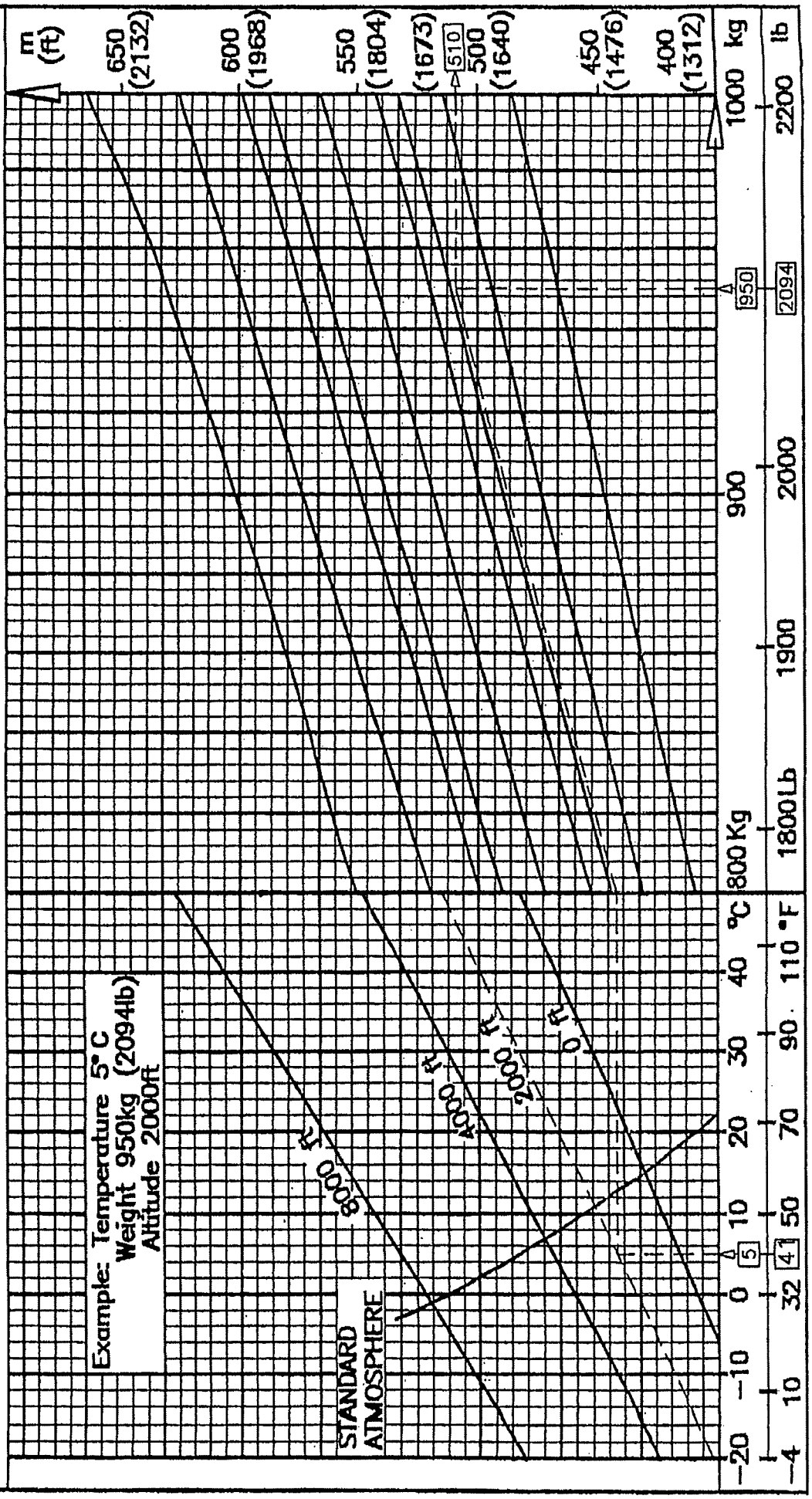


LANDING PERFORMANCE

Without wind
Flaps in landing position
Engine idling
Dried and plane concrete runway
Over 15m (50ft): V=115Km/h(62kt)
Touch down, V=87Km/h(47kt)

Head wind influence: For 10kt multiply by 0.79
For 20kt multiply by 0.64
For 30kt multiply by 0.53

Down wind influence: Add 10% to distance per section of 2kt
Dried grass runway: Add 15%



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INVENTAIRE DES EQUIPEMENTS

EQUIPMENTS LIST

TYPE : *DR400/140B* IMMATRICULATION : REGISTRATION : *HB-KFI* N° SERIE : SERIAL N° : *2470*

Classe Class	Qté Qty	DESIGNATION DESCRIPTION	FABRICANT MANUFACTURER	REFERENCE	N° SERIE SERIAL N°	X
C	1	Moteur Engine	*LYCOMING*	*O-320-D2A*	*L-19184-39A*	X
C	1	Bâti moteur Engine mount	*CAB*	*51.26.10.000*	*1247*	X
C	1	Alternateur Alternator	*ELECTROSYSTEMS*	*LW 14371*	*9125820*	X
C	1	Démarreur Stater	*ELECTROSYSTEMS*	*LW 15571*	*A015682*	X
C	1	Magnéto G Left magneto	*SLICK*	*66GC25SFNN*	*99121114*	X
C	1	Magnéto D Right magneto	*SLICK*	*66GP-OSANN*	*99121496*	X
C	1	Radiateur d'huile Oil cooler	*N.D.M*	*2002 A*	*B00/3897/19*	X
C	1	Carburateur Carburattor	*P.A.M*	*10-4910-1*	*75095008*	X
C	1	Hélice Propeller	*SENSENICH*	*74DM6S5-2-64*	*A58593*	X
C	1	Régulateur de tension Voltage regulator	*J.P.C*	*61.40.70*	*2751*	X
C	1	Batterie 12V 12V battery	*PRESTOLITE*	*532-11*	*SN°*	X
C	1	Relais batterie Battery relay	*CAB*	*67.11.04.060*	*SN°*	X
C	1	Relais démarreur Stater relay	*CAB*	*69.11.12.050*	*SN°*	X
C	1	Sélecteur magnétos Magnetos swicht	*CAB*	*67.11.04.000*	*SN°*	X
C	2	Fusible 40A 40A fuse	*CAB*	*69.22.15.000*	*SN°*	X
C	1	Bouton de démarreur Push button stater	*CAB*	*67.11.06.000*	*SN°*	X
C	1	Avertisseur de décrochage Stall warning signal	*CAB*	*69.11.08.110*	*SN°*	X
C	1	Sonde de décrochage Stall warning device	*CAB*	*79.88.00.000*	*1671*	X
C	1	Réservoir essence de 109 litres Fuel tank 109 liter	*CAB*	*52.18.42.100*	*470*	X
C	1	Pompe électrique Electric fuel pump	*CAB*	*52.88.03.100*	*SN°*	X
C	1	Indicateur pression essence Fuel pressure indicator	*CAB*	*52.18.69.002*	*SN°*	X
C	1	Transmetteur pression essence Fuel pressure transducer	*CAB*	*52.18.00.010*	*SN°*	X
C	1	Jaugeur essence Fuel tank gauge	*CAB*	*52.18.58.000*	*SN°*	X
C	1	Indicateur niveau d 'essence Fuel gauge indicator	*CAB*	*76.26.12.000*	*SN°*	X

Date : *26.07.00* **Controle CAB :**

INVENTAIRE DES EQUIPEMENTS

EQUIPMENTS LIST

TYPE : *DR400/140B* IMMATRICULATION : REGISTRATION : *HB-KFI* N° SERIE : SERIAL N° : *2470*

Classe Class	Qté Qty	DESIGNATION DESCRIPTION	FABRICANT MANUFACTURER	REFERENCE	N° SERIE SERIAL N°	X
C	1	Robinet d'essence Fuel cock	*CAB*	*52.18.01.000*	*339*	X
C	2	Robinet de purge Draining cock	*CAB*	*52.11.35.020*	*SN°*	X
C	1	Transmetteur pression d'huile Oil pressure transmitter	*CAB*	*53.26.10.000*	*SN°*	X
C	1	Indicateur pression d'huile Oil pressure indicator	*CAB*	*76.20.50.000*	*SN°*	X
C	1	Sonde température d'huile Oil temperature gauge	*CAB*	*53.21.16.000*	*SN°*	X
C	1	Indicateur température d'huile Oil temperture indicator	*CAB*	*76.26.13.000*	*SN°*	X
C	1	Voltmètre Voltmeter	*CAB*	*76.33.53.000*	*SN°*	X
C	1	Atterisseur principal Gauche Left main gear	*CAB*	*41.26.00.010*	*1935*	X
C	1	Atterisseur principal Droit Right main gear	*CAB*	*41.26.00.020*	*1935*	X
C	1	Atterisseur Avant Frnt main gear	*CAB*	*42.26.00.000*	*1982*	X
C	1	Bâti d'atterisseur Avant Front main gear mount	*CAB*	*42.12.02.000*	*624*	X
C	1	Valve de frein Brake valve	*CAB*	*75.26.05.020*	*794*	X
C	2	Etrier de frein Wheel brake assembly	*CAB*	*41.23.02.000*	*SN°*	X
C	2	Maître cylindre G&D Brake cylinder G&D	*CAB*	*75.18.50.010* *75.18.50.030*	*SN°*	X
C	2	Ceinture 3 points enrouleurs AV Inertia reel 3 straps belt, front	*CAB*	*79.26.11.010*	*SN°*	X
C	2	Ceinture 3 points AR 3 straps belt, rear	*CAB*	*79.26.12.030*	*SN°*	X
C	1	Altimètre Altimeter	*UI*	*59.34-M3*	*408727*	X
C	1	Anémomètre Airspeed indicator	*AIRSPEED*	*EA5171-101*	*T29951*	X
C	1	Variomètre Vertcal speed indicator	*UI*	*7000*	*287905*	X
C	1	Indicateur de virage Turn and slip indicator	*S-TEC*	*6407-14*	*9457*	X
C	1	Compas magnétique Magnetic compass	*AIRPATH*	*C2400*	*SN°*	X
C	1	Tachymètre RPM gauge	*MITCHELL*	*98480-25*	*10737*	X
O	1	VHF/GPS	*GARMIN*	*GNS 430*	*96308641*	X
O	1	INDICATEUR VOR	*GARMIN*	*GI 106A*	*E20058*	X
O	1	TRANSPONDEUR	*KING*	*KT76C-00*	*10556*	X

Date : *26.07.00* **Controle CAB :**

INVENTAIRE DES EQUIPEMENTS

EQUIPMENTS LIST

TYPE : *DR400/140B* IMMATRICULATION : REGISTRATION : *HB-KFI* N° SERIE : SERIAL : *2470*

Classe Class	Qté Qty	DESIGNATION DESCRIPTION	FABRICANT MANUFACTURER	REFERENCE	N° SERIE SERIAL N°	X
O	1	ALTICODEUR	*ACK*	*A30*	*67726*	X
O	1	COM NAV	*KING*	*KX125*	*8700*	X
O	1	HAUT PARLEUR	*QUAM*	*46C1FR*	*SN°*	X
O	1	MICRO MAIN	*TELEX*	*62800-001*	*SN°*	X
O	2	BOUTONS ALTERNA	*ARNOUX*	*1006T*	*SN°*	X
O	1	HORIZON/BILLE	*SIGMA TEK*	*23-501-035-5*	*T71348N*	X
O	1	DIRECTIONEL	*SIGMA TEK*	*1U262-001-9*	*T57814L*	X
O	1	POMPE à VIDE	*SIGMA TEK*	*1U128-006*	*T35606H*	X
O	1	MANO SUCTION	*UMA*	*3-310-50*	*A8364*	X
O	1	FEU NAVIGATION AR	*WHELLEN*	*01-0770034*	*SN°*	X
O	1	FEU NAVIGATION G	*WHELLEN*	*W1285PR*	*SN°*	X
O	1	FEU NAVIGATION D	*WHELLEN*	*W1285PG*	*SN°*	X
O	1	FEU ANTICOLLISION	*JPC*	*64414-02*	*16*	X
O	1	BOÏTE DE M2LANGE	*GARMIN*	*GMA 340*	*96252913*	X
O	1	ANTENNE	*GARMIN*	*GA56*	*59047626*	X
C	1	SILENCIEUX	*CAB*	*51.36.30.110*	*284*	X
O	1	BALISE de DETRESSE	*JOLLIET*	*JE290*	*221*	X
o	1	convertisseur	*KING*	*AK550*	*470135*	X
O	1	TEMPERATURE CARBU	*MID*	*MD11-6*	*K99077*	X
O	1	TEMPERATURE ECHAP	*ALCOR*	*46150*	*243957*	X
O	2	PHARES	*Glle ELECTRIC*	*4509*	*SN°*	X
O	1	RESERVOIR Ess Sup	*CAB*	*52.80.30.000*	*675*	X
O	1	ROBINET Ess Sup	*CAB*	*52.18.63.000*	*182*	X
O	1	JAUGEUR Ess Sup	*CAB*	*52.26.14.000*	*SN°*	X
O	1	INDICATEUR Ess Sup	*CAB*	*76.26.12.000*	*SN°*	X

Date : *26.07.00* **Controle CAB :**

INVENTAIRE DES EQUIPEMENTS

EQUIPMENTS LIST

TYPE : *DR400/140B* IMMATRICULATION : REGISTRATION : *HB-KFI* N° SERIE : SERAIL N° : *2470*

Classe Class	Qté Qty	DESIGNATION DESCRIPTION	FABRICANT MANUFACTURER	REFERENCE	N° SERIE SERIAL N°	X
C	2	CLES contact	*TCM*		*PK688*	X
C	2	CLES vérrière	*CITROEN*		*A4CL*	X
O	1	TEMPERATURE CULASSE	*ALCOR*	*46151*	*242603*	X
O	1	CHRONOMETRE	*BENZ*	*2621*	*SN°*	X
O	1	Compteur d'heures	*. FLUGZEITENZAHLER*	*FTC 273-4*	*587*	X
O	1	TEMPERATURE EXT	*VDO*	*314 264 82*	*SN°*	X
O	1	PRISE DE PARC	*CAB*	*63.26.08.030*	*SN°*	X
O	1	PITOT CHAUFFANT	*AICO*	*AN 5812*	*SN°*	X

Date : *26.07.00* **Controle CAB :**

CONSTRUCTIONS AERONAUTIQUES DE BOURGOGNE

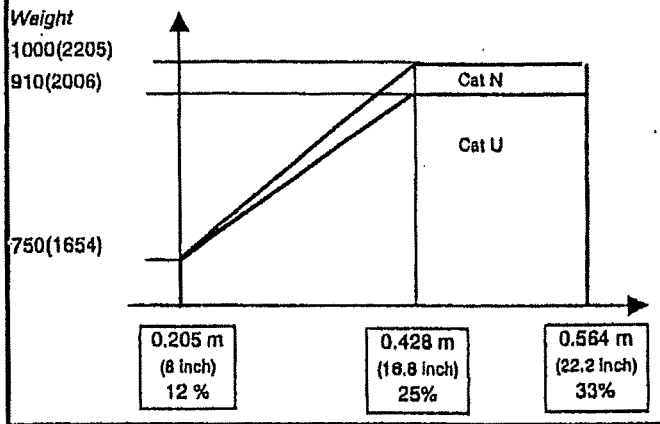
PROCES VERBAL DE PESEE ET DE CENTRAGE

WEIGHT AND BALANCE DATA

TYPE:*DR400/140B*	N° DE SERIE : *2470*	IMMATRICULATION:	*HB-KFI*
Type :	*Serial n° :*	*Registration :*	

DOMAINE DE MASSE ET CENTRAGE

Weight and balance limits



Corde de référence:	1.71	m(c.a.m)
Reference chord:	*1.71*	*m(m.a.c)*

Référence verticale:Bord d'attaque de la partie rectangulaire de la voilure

Mise a niveau:Longeron de fuselage horizontal

C G datum : leading edge of rectangular wing part

Levelling : horizontal reference top fuselage spar

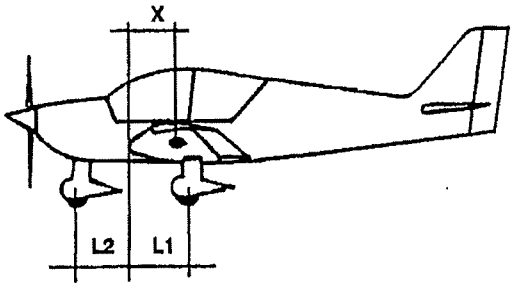
Conditions de la pesée:
- plein d'huile
- équipements figurants au Registre de Contrôle
- essence non utilisable comprise dans la masse à vide

Weighing conditions :
- *full operating oil*
- *equipement listed in the inspection report*
- *unusable fuel inclued in empty weight*

MASSE ET CENTRAGE A VIDE

Empty weight and moment

	Masse(kg) Weight (Kg)	Bras de Levier(m) Lever arm (m)	Moment(m*kg) Moment(m*Kg)
ROUE PD(L1) Main R wheel (L1)	219.00	0.828	181.332
ROUE PG(L'1) Main L wheel (L'1)	222.00	0.828	183.816
ROUE AV(L2) Front wheel (L2)	183.00	0.819	-149.877
Essence non utilis. Unusable fuel	1.00	1.120	1.120
Avion vide Empty aircraft	625.00	0.346	216.391
CENTRAGE Balance	20.25%	c.a.m m.a.c	



● Centre de gravité
Center of gravity

CENTRAGE EXTREME AVANT

Most foreward C G

Elément Element	Masse(kg) Weight (Kg)	Bras de Levier(m) Lever arm (m)	Moment(m*kg) Moment(m*Kg)
Avion vide Empty aircraft	625.00	0.346	216.391
Pilotes av. Front pilot	77.00	0.410	31.570
Passagers Passengers	0.00	1.190	0.000
Essence Fuel	17.20	1.120	19.264
Réser sup(Option) Optional auxi tank	0.00	1.610	0.000
Bagages Baggage	0.00	1.900	0.000
Avion chargé Loaded aircraft	719.20	0.372	267.225
CENTRAGE Balance	21.73%	cam m.a.c	

CENTRAGE EXTREME ARRIERE(1)

Most aft C G

Elément Element	Masse(kg) Weight (Kg)	Bras de Levier(m) Lever arm (m)	Moment(m*kg) Moment(m*Kg)
Avion vide Empty aircraft	625.00	0.346	216.391
Pilotes av. Front pilot	77.00	0.410	31.570
Passagers Passengers	154.00	1.190	183.260
Essence Fuel	78.50	1.120	87.920
Réser sup(Option) Optional auxi tank	0.00	1.610	0.000
Bagages Baggage	0.00	1.900	0.000
Avion chargé Loaded aircraft	934.50	0.556	519.141
CENTRAGE Balance	32.49%	cam m.a.c	

En cas de possibilité de dépassement des limites vérifiées ci-dessus, remplir le tableau de chargement qui donne les limitations d'emport de passagers, d'essence et de bagages pour differents cas de chargement

In case of excess, fill out loading table which grives weight limits of passengers, fuel and baggage in each case of loading

Nota:

(1)Vérifier le centrage pour l'emport de bagages et de carburant supplémentaire

(1) Check balance if you take baggage and optional fuel

(2)En plus du pilote — (3)Facultif

(2) In addition to pilot — *(3) Optional*

Tableau de chargement

Loading table

Cas de chargement Loading case	Essence Fuel	PAX(2)	Bagages(3)
Plein essence Full operating fuel	78.5		
4 Pax		308	

Controle CAB — Date et visa *26.07.00*

G.S.A.C — Date et Visa

SECTION 6 WEIGHT AND BALANCE

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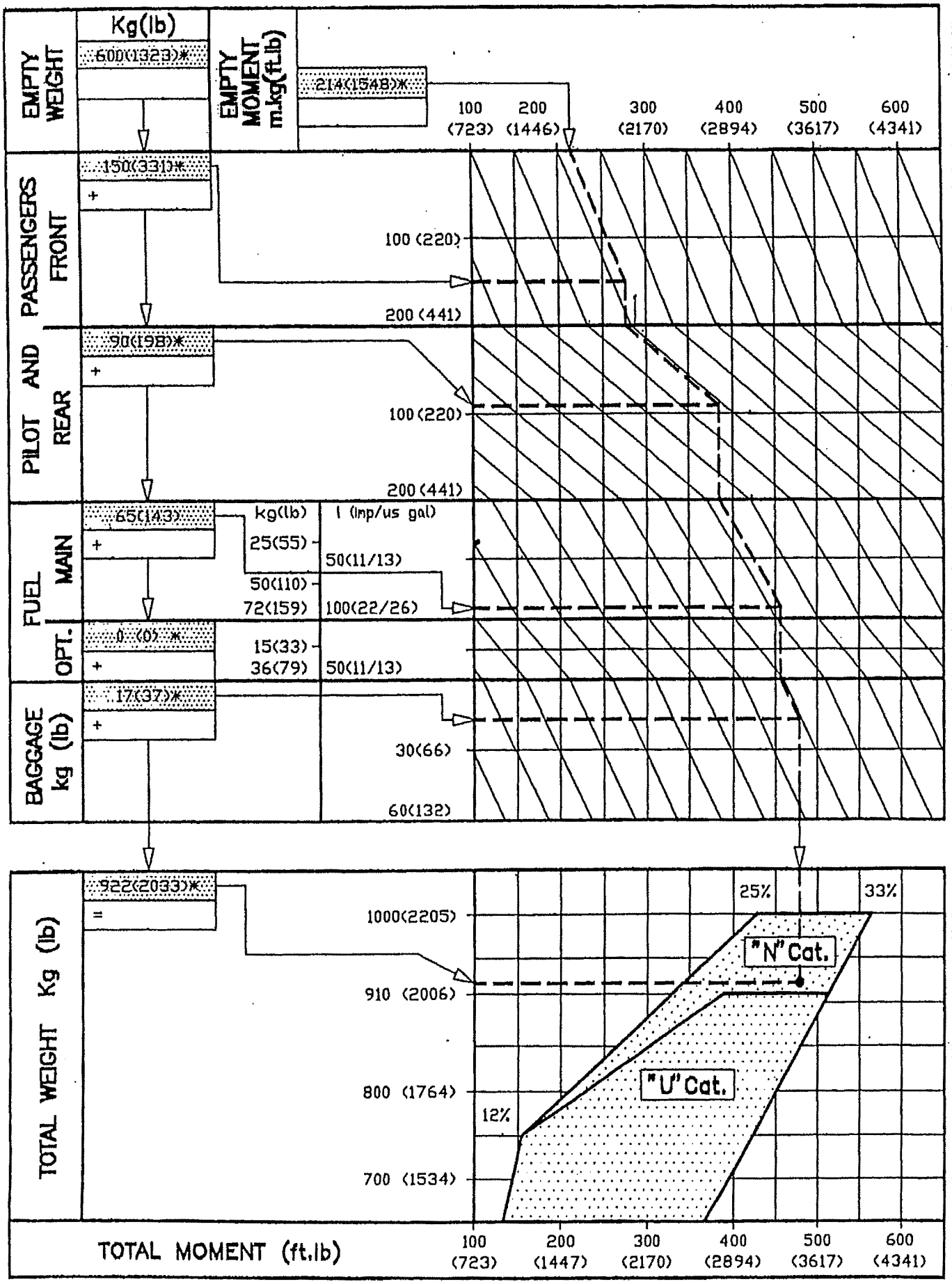
EMPTY WEIGHT
Kg(lb)
600(1323)*
EMPTY MOMENT m.kg(ft.lb)
214(1548)*
100 (723)
200 (1446)
300 (2170)
400 (2894)
500 (3617)
600 (4341)
PASSENGERS FRONT
150(331)*
+
100 (220)
200 (441)
PILOT AND REAR
90(198)*
+
100 (220)
200 (441)
FUEL MAIN
65(143)
+
kg(lb)
l (imp/us gal)
25(55)
50(11/13)
50(110)
72(159)
100(22/26)
OPT.
0 (0) *
+
15(33)
36(79)
50(11/13)
BAGGAGE kg (lb)
17(37)*
+
30(66)
60(132)
TOTAL WEIGHT Kg (lb)
922(2033)*
=
1000(2205)
910 (2006)
800 (1764)
700 (1534)
25%
33%
12%
"N" Cat.
"U" Cat.
TOTAL MOMENT (ft.lb)
100 (723)
200 (1447)
300 (2170)
400 (2894)
500 (3617)
600 (4341)

USE OF WEIGHT AND BALANCE DIAGRAM

1) Calculate the total loaded aircraft weight:
   empty weight (from the weight and balance sheet)
   + pilot and passengers
   + baggage
   + standard fuel

Insure that total weight does not exceed 1000 kg (2205 lb) in "N" category and 910 kg (2206 lb) in "U" category.

2) Place the empty aircraft moment (from the weight and balance sheet) on the upper scale of the opposite diagram, and follow the example indicated by the dashed line.
   The resulting point must be within centre of gravity moment envelope (shaded area) for the load to be within limits..

EXAMPLE *

Empty aircraft moment	(1548 ft.lb) 214 m.kg
Empty aircraft weight	(1323 lb) 600 kg
Pilot + passenger AV	(331 lb) 150 kg
Passengers AR	(198 lb) 90 kg
Fuel 90 l (24 imp/20 us gal)	(143 lb) 65 kg
Baggage	(37.48 lb) 17 kg
TOTAL WEIGHT	(2033 lb) 922 kg

CENTRE OF GRAVITY: within the envelope

1 liter AVGAS	= 0.72 kg (1.6 lb)
1 imp gal AVGAS	= 3.27 kg (7.2 lb)
1 us gal AVGAS	= 2.7 kg (6 lb)

*** ATTENTION**

For your aircraft centre of gravity calculation, please do not use values of empty aircraft weight and empty aircraft moment indicated in the above example. Use values indicated on the last weight and balance sheet of your aircraft.

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SECTION 7 SUPPLEMENTS

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SUPPLEMENT 1	OPTIONAL FUEL TANK

TABLE OF CONTENTS

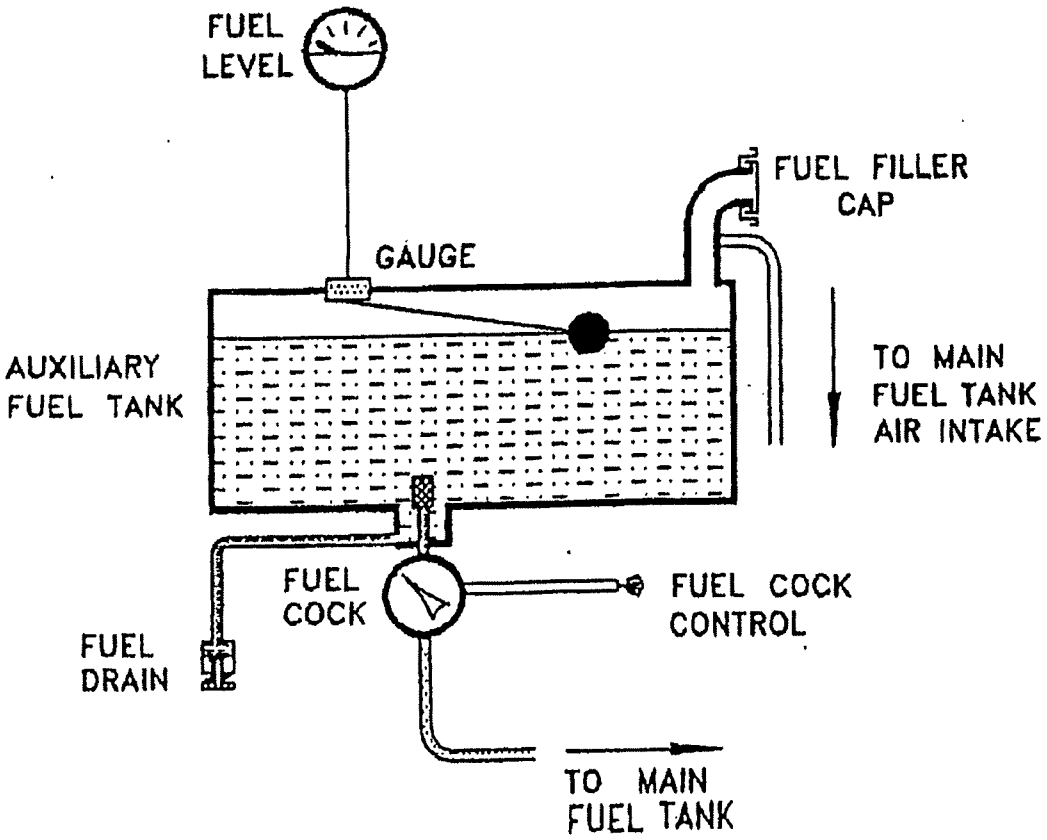
SECTION 1 - DESCRIPTION

The auxiliary fuel tank is located on the bottom of the baggage compartment and is connected to the main fuel tank by a transfer line.
Use first a sufficient quantity from the main fuel tank then refuel by pulling the auxiliary tank transfer valve control.
The quantity of auxiliary tank fuel is given by an independant gauge.

capacity ..... (11 imp/3,2 us gal) 50 l
level arm ..... (63 in) 1,61 m

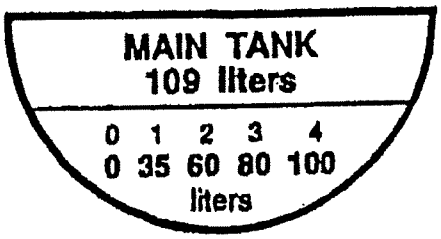
NOTA

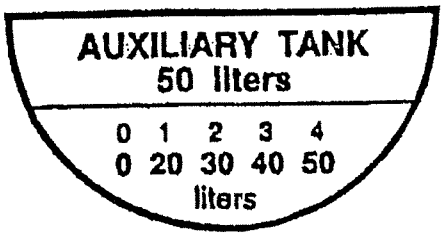
The main fuel tank must be empty enough to receive fuel quantity from the auxiliary fuel tank.

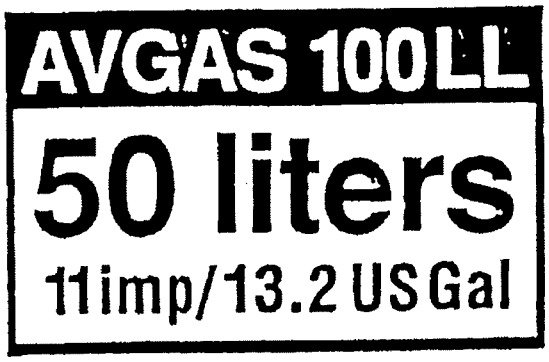


SECTION 2 - LIMITATIONS

The maximum take off weight and the weight and balance limits are not modified by the installation of the auxiliary fuel tank. Therefore, limitations of the Section 2 are not modified. The placard "MAIN TANK" supersedes those of the 2.08 "FUEL". Following placards complete those of the pages 2.08, 2.09 and 2.10.







SECTION 3 - EMERGENCY PROCEDURES

The emergency procedures are not affected by the installation of auxiliary fuel tank.

SECTION 4 - NORMAL PROCEDURES

In addition to normal procedures actuate the auxiliary fuel tank drain valve during the pre-flight check (point 1 page 4.05).

SECTION 5 - PERFORMANCE

The performance are not affected by the installation of the auxiliary fuel tank because the maximum take off weight and the weight and balance limits are not modified.

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SUPPLEMENT 2 NIGHT VFR

TABLE OF CONTENTS

SECTION 1 - DESCRIPTION

The DR400/140B aircraft can be used in VFR system in non-icing condition with application of "modification majeure n° 56". This modification installs an instrument panel lighting.

It is imperative to equip the DR400/140B Night VFR aircraft with following equipment, in addition to day VFR equipment, for a night VFR use:

- Gyro Horizon indicator
- Turn and bank indicator
- Directional gyro indicator
- Variometer
- Strobe lights
- Navigation light
- Taxi light
- Landing light
- Lighting 2
- Spare fuses
- Torch
- VHF 1 (cat. 2)
- VOR (cat. 2) or ADF (cat. 2)
- Night VFR placard

SECTION 2 - LIMITATIONS

Limitations of section 2 are not affected by Night VFR use, except the placard concerning flight conditions which must be replaced by following placard:

THIS AIRCRAFT MUST BE USED FOR *NORMAL* OR *UTILITY* FLYING ONLY, IN ACCORDANCE WHITH THE APPROVED FLIGHT MANUAL.
ON THIS AIRCRAFT, ALL INDEXES, MARKINGS & PLACARDS CORRESPOND TO *NORMAL* UTILISATION.
FOR *UTILITY* OPERATION,
REFER TO THE APPROVED FLIGHT MANUAL.

V_A MANEUVERING SPEED: 116 kt - 215km/h
NO AEROBATIC MANEUVRES ALLOWED
APPROVED FOR VFR FLIGHT BY DAY
AND BY NIGHT IN NON-ICING CONDITIONS.
SPINS PROHIBITED . NO SMOKING

SECTION 3 - EMERGENCY PROCEDURES

The following emergency procedures complete those of the Section 3.

Lighting 1 failure

- lighting 2 ..... on
- lighting 1 fuse ..... verify

If the failure persists, the lighting 2 and the torch can be used as emergency lighting.

Light failure

- taxi light switch-type circuit breaker ..... verify

Battery failure

If, following a complete battery failure, the alternator deactivates involving loss of power supply, proceed as follows:

- battery, alternator and radio (if installed) circuit breakers ..... off
- battery switch ..... on
- alternator switch ..... on

Notice that circuits are again switched on. Reset only the switches necessary to ensure flight safety.

SECTION 4 - NORMAL PROCEDURES

These procedures complete those of the Section 4.

Preparation

Study of the meteorological report, in order to avoid flight in dangerous conditions (minima, climbing...).
Verify that fuel and oil quantities comply with regulations.

Before flight

Verify operation of:

- strobe lights ..... verify
- navigation lights ..... verify
- landing light ..... verify
- taxi light ..... verify
- lighting 2 ..... verify
- lighting 1 ..... verify
- day/night selector switch ..... verify
- emergency torch on board ..... verify

Lighting

- switch on lighting 2
- adjust with lighting 1 if necessary

Taxiing

- strobe lights ..... on
- navigation lights ..... on
- gyro instruments ..... verify operation
- artificial horizon ..... pitch index setting
- directional gyro ..... correct rotation
- turn and bank indicator ..... correct movement

Before take-off

- vacuum indication ..... check
- VHF ..... test
- VOR or ADF ..... test
- heating .....defrost as necessary
- landing light ..... on

Aligning

- directional setting

Take off

- Maintain positive climb on rate of climb indicator.
- Switch off taxi and landing lights at the end of the runway.

Climb and cruise

Above 8000 feet, there is a risk of disturbance in the pilot's night vision.

Landing

- landing light ..... on
- taxi light ..... on

After engine shut down

- light ..... off

SECTION 5 - PERFORMANCE

Performance of the Section 5 are not affected.

SUPPLEMENT 3	CENTURY II B AUTOPILOT

TABLE OF CONTENTS

SECTION 1 - DESCRIPTION

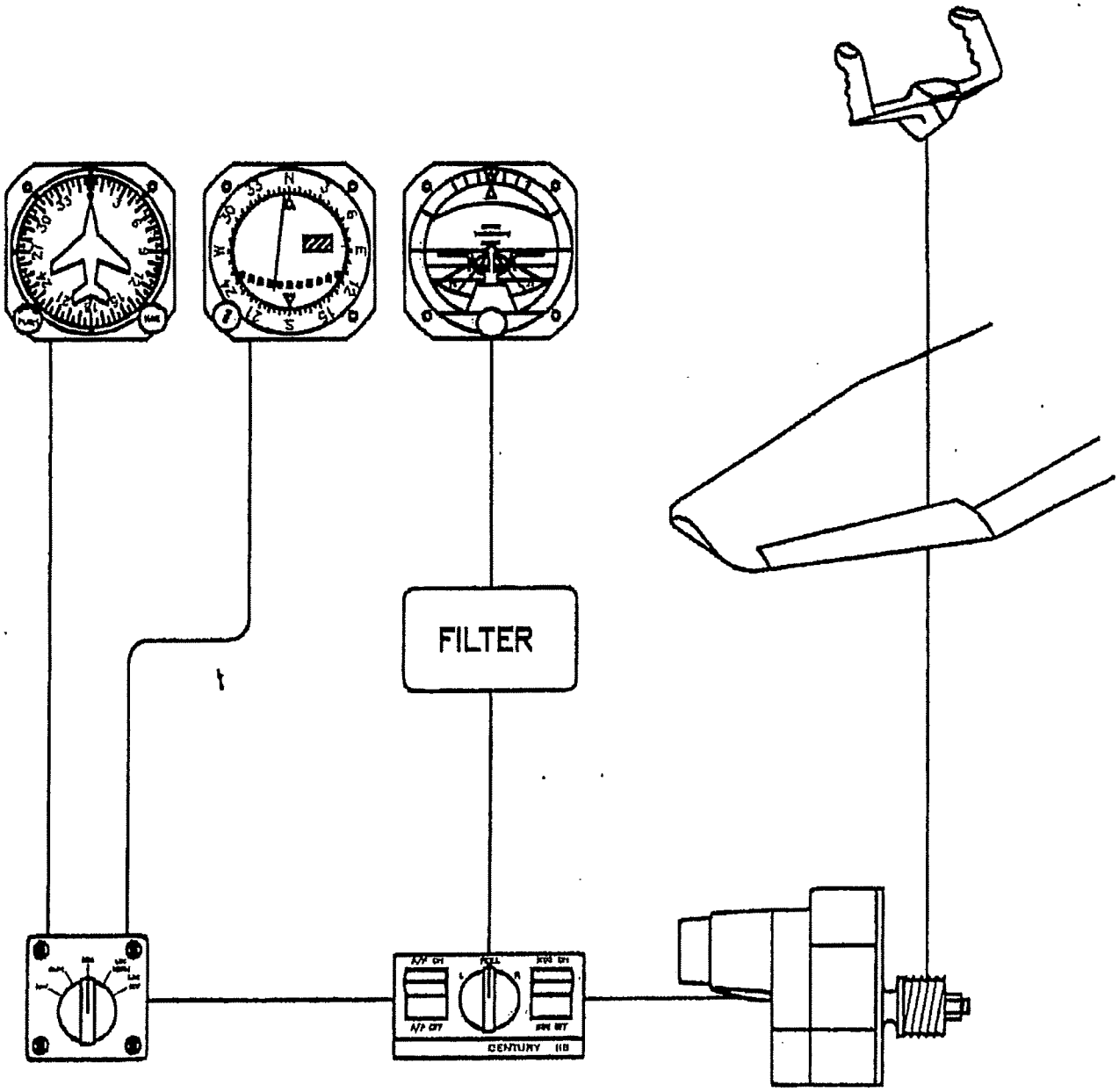
The CENTURY II B is an all electric, single axis (roll) autopilot system. It provides course intercept, tracking and coupler for VOR/ILS optional equipment.

CENTURY II B COMPONENTS DESCRIPTION

Command console

A/P ON - A/P OFF	Autopilot ON-OFF rocker switch. When only this switch is engaged (A/P ON), the autopilot is responsive to the roll command knob (ROLL) on the center of the console.
ROLL	Roll maneuvre knob up to approximately 30° of bank right or left. The centered position represents approximate wings level flight. When the heading mode is engaged (HDG ON), action on the roll knob (ROLL) is ineffective.
HDG ON - HDG OFF	Heading mode ON-OFF rocker switch. It provides turning the aircraft to a preselect heading on the Course Selector Directional Gyro or conducting course intercepts or tracking. When heading mode switch is engaged (HDG ON), roll knob input is replaced by the Course Selector Directional Gyro and the optional Coupler Mode Selector inputs. The Course Selector Directional Gyro and the optional Coupler Mode Selector should be set prior to engagement of the heading mode (HDG ON). (See Section on Coupler Mode Selector operations when optional Coupler Mode Selector is installed)

CENTURY II B AUTOPILOT INSTALLATION DIAGRAM



Course Selector Directional Gyro

Any heading may be selected, either before or after heading mode (HDG ON-HDG OFF) engagement on the command console and turns up to 160° may be programmed directly, either right or left.
If course selector indicator is rotated beyond 180° from the Directional Gyro card heading, the autopilot will turn in the shortest direction to reach the selected heading.
In normal operation the maximum bank in heading mode (HDG) is 20°.

Coupler Mode Selector

Direct the autpilot in both VOR and ILS navigation.

Nominal interception angles are 45° and an automatic 15° crosswind correction capability is provided.

"HDG" Mode — It is the basic function of the CENTURY II B autopilot as described in Command console section.

"OMNI" Mode — When in the "OMNI" Mode position the system is coupled to the VOR indicator.
To select a desired course for interceptor tracking always set both the VOR Course Selector and the Directional Gyro Course indicator to the desired course. All heading will then be controlled by the VOR signal. A full deflection on the VOR indicator will produce a 45° interception angle.
With less than full deflection, the system will automatically direct a smooth, tangential intercept to arrive over the radial with crosswind correction established. The same dynamic intercept is accomplished whether 3 km (2 miles) or maximum reception distance from station.
Below approximately 3 km (2 miles), autopilot bank limitations will allow a slight overshoot of the selected radial.

"NAV" Mode

This mode serves the same functions as "OMNI" Mode and is initiated in the same manner.
The "NAV" Mode, however, incorporates an extended time delay which reduces reaction to short term VOR needle deflections.
The "NAV" Mode is recommended for enroute navigation or any time autopilot response to short term VOR needle deflections becomes excessive.
The "NAV" Mode should not be used for close in VOR approach work, as close in work requires the proportioned dynamic response provided by the "OMNI" Mode.

"LOC NORM" Mode

In the "LOC NORM" Mode, the system adjusts its sensitivity to accomodate the "Localizer" course width (5° instead of 20° for the VOR) and to provide smoother more optimum intercept and track maneuvers.
Intercept angles of 45° are automatic with tangential intercepts outside the marker and automatic crosswind correction.
As with the "OMNI" Mode, the Course Selector Directional Gyro must be set to correspond the desired magnetic course.

"LOC REV" Mode

The features of "LOC REV" Mode are identical to the "LOC NORM" Mode except that the aircraft will fly away from the Localizer Indicator Needle instead of toward it.
When using the "LOC REV" Mode the Course Selector Indicator must be set to the reciprocal of the front course heading.

SECTION 2 - LIMITATIONS

Section 2 limitations are not affected by the CENTURY II B autopilot installation .

Following autopilot specific limitations are to be added:

Minimum use height ..... 500 ft
Maximal use speed .....(140 kt) 260 km/h

IMPORTANT

Do not use the autopilot in case of Directional Gyro, vacuum pump or system failure.

SECTION 3 - EMERGENCY PROCEDURES

In case of autopilot malfunction:

1- Manoeuvrer the stick as required in order to override the autopilot

NOTE

The autopilot may be overriden by the pilot without damage to the system.

2- Cut off the main autopilot switch (AP/OFF)

3- Pull the autopilot breaker and do not try to switch it on again

In case of vacuum system failure:

1- Cut off the main autopilot switch (AP/OFF)

SECTION 4 - NORMAL PROCEDURES

Preflight autopilot check with engines running and gyros erected:

1 - Vacuum ..... green arc

2 - Autopilot switch ..... "A/P OFF"

3 - Heading mode switch ..... "HDG OFF"

4 - Coupler Mode Selector ..... "HDG"

5 - "ROLL" knob ..... centered

6 - Course Selector Directional Gyro ..... centered

7 - Autopilot switch ..... "A/P ON"

8 - Turn the "ROLL" knob ..... "L" then "R"
(note that the control stick responds in the proper direction)

9 - Heading mode switch ..... "HDG ON"

10 - Rotate the heading knob ..... "R" then "L"
(note the autopilot response. Without aerodynamic response, servo action is unlimited)

11 - Override the autopilot at the control stick ..... "R" then "L"
(Force required should be approximately 7 kg (15 lbs))

12 - Before take off autopilot switch ..... "A/P OFF"

In flight autopilot engagement procedure

Aircraft flight attitude ..... wings level

"ROLL" knob ..... centered

Heading mode switch ..... "HDG OFF"

Autopilot switch ..... "A/P ON"

Coupler Mode Selector ..... "HDG"

Heading knob ..... centered

Heading mode switch ..... "HDG ON"

Select desired lateral guidance mode

For more details concerning the use of available modes, refer to the CENTURY II B pilot's operating manual.

Final approach procedure

In final approach and at latest 500 ft height:

Autopilot switch ..... "A/P OFF"

SECTION 5 - PERFORMANCE

Section 5 performance are not affected by CENTURY II B autopilot installation.

SUPPLEMENT 4: SENSENICH 74DM6S5-2-60 PROPELLER

TABLE OF CONTENTS

SECTION 1 - DESCRIPTION

The datas of the Section 1 are not modified except those hereunder:

Engine

Maximum power ..... (155 cv) 2500 rpm
Maximum continuous power ..... (155 cv) 2500 rpm

Propeller

MANUFACTURER	SENSENICH
TYPE	74 DM6 S5-2-60
DIAMETER	1.83 m (72 in)
PITCH	60 in
MINIMUM STATIC RPM FULL THROTTLE SEA LEVEL	2300 rpm

SECTION 2 - LIMITATIONS

The limitations of the Section 2 are not modified except those hereunder:

Engine limitations

Maximum rpm 2500
Maximum continuous rpm 2500

Tachometer markings

Green arc ..... 2000 to 2500 rpm
Red line ..... 2500 rpm

SECTION 3 - EMERGENCY PROCEDURES

The procedures of the Section 3 are not modified.

SECTION 4 - NORMAL PROCEDURES

The emergency procedures of the Section 4 are not modified except those hereunder:

Normal take off

Take off minimal rpm 2300

Short take off

Apply full power (brakes applied)
then release the brakes ..... mini 2300 rpm

SECTION 5 - PERFORMANCE

Noise limitation

In compliance with the decree of 19.02.1987, the maximum acceptable noise level for the DR400/140B aircraft, at a certified gross weight of (2205 lb) 1000 kg, is 73.3 dB (A).

The noise level determined under the conditions of the decree, is 64.7 dB(A) at maximum continuous power.

The DR400/140B aircraft has received noise limitation certificate nr N45.

Take off performance

At gross weight 1000 kg (2205 lb),
Without wind, flaps in "take off position" (1st notch), engine full power

Take off speed ..... (54 kt) 100 km/h
Over 15 m (50 ft) barrier speed ..... (65 kt) 120 km/h

PRESSURE ALTITUDE (ft)	TEMPERATURE °C (°F)	WEIGHT 1000 kg (2205 lb)				WEIGHT 800 kg (1764 lb)			
		Take off distance		Run to clear 15m(50ft) barrier		Take off distance		Run to clear 15m(50ft) barrier	
		m	(ft)	m	(ft)	m	(ft)	m	(ft)
0	- 5 (23)	215	(706)	435	(1428)	125	(411)	245	(804)
	Std = 15 (59)	245	(804)	485	(1591)	135	(443)	265	(870)
	35 (95)	270	(886)	535	(1756)	150	(493)	290	(952)
4000	- 13 (7)	290	(952)	580	(1903)	165	(542)	320	(1050)
	Std = 7 (45)	330	(1083)	645	(2117)	180	(591)	350	(1149)
	27 (81)	365	(1198)	720	(2363)	200	(657)	385	(1264)
8000	- 21 (-6)	390	(1280)	780	(2560)	225	(739)	415	(1362)
	Std = - 1 (30)	445	(1461)	870	(2855)	245	(804)	465	(1526)
	19 (66)	500	(1641)	975	(3199)	275	(903)	515	(1690)

Head wind influence:	For 10 kt multiply by 0,79 For 20 kt multiply by 0,64 For 30 kt multiply by 0,53
Down wind influence:	Add 10% to distance per section of 2 kt
Dried grass runway:	Add 15%

Climb performance

1) Flaps take off position:

At maximum weight of 1000 kg (2205 lb) in standard atmosphere

Maximum rate of climb after take off ..... (847 ft/mn) 4.3 m/s
reduction of 0.3 m/s (59 ft/mn) per 1000 ft
Best rate of climb speed ..... (78 kt) 145 km/h
Best angle of climb speed ..... (70 kt) 130 km/h

2) Flaps up:

In standard atmosphere,
Full throttle, mixture best power,

- At maximum weight of 1000 kg (2205 lb):

Maximum rate of climb after take off ..... (867 ft/mn) 4.4 m/s
reduction of 0.25 m/s (49 ft/mn) per 1000 ft
Service ceiling .....14000 ft
Best rate of climb speed after take off .....(81 kt) 150 km/h)
up to ceiling (73 kt) 135 km/h
Best angle of climb speed ..... (70 kt) 130 km/h

- At weight of 800 kg (1764 lb):

Maximum rate of climb after take off ..... (1162 ft/mn) 5.9 m/s
reduction of 0.28 m/s (55 ft/mn) per 1000 ft

Temperature influence:

Each 10°C above standard, lowers the ceiling by 1000 ft and reduces rate of climb by 0.28 m/s (55 ft/mn).

Cruise performance

At gross weight 1000 kg (2205 lb), in standard atmosphere.
Optimum mixture setting, usable fuel (22 Imp/26.4 us gal) 100 l.
Without reserve fuel, without wind.

Consumption and climbing time compensated with descent.

ALTITUDE	POWER	FUEL CONSUMPTION			TRUE AIR SPEED		ENDURANCE	RANGE	
Zp (ft)	rpm	l/h	gal/h Imp	gal/h us	km/h	kt	h.mm	km	Nm
2000	2150	25	5.5	6.6	175	94	4.00	700	375
	2400	25	5.5	6.6	206	111	4.00	825	445
	2500	28	6.2	7.4	216	116	3.35	770	415
5500	2400	25	5.5	6.6	206	111	4.00	825	445
	2500	28	6.2	7.4	216	116	3.35	770	415
8500	2400	25	5.5	6.6	206	111	4.00	825	445
	2500	28	6.2	7.4	216	116	3.35	770	415

SUPPLEMENT 5 GPS

TABLE OF CONTENTS

SECTION 1 - DESCRIPTION

The description of the GPS and the operational procedures are detailed in the GPS pilot's guide furnished with the instrument.

SECTION 2 - LIMITATIONS

The following placard complete those of the pages 2.08, 2.09 and 2.10:

NOTE

GPS LIMITED TO VFR USE ONLY

SECTION 3 - EMERGENCY PROCEDURES

The emergency procedures of the section 3 are not modified.

SECTION 4 - NORMAL PROCEDURES

The normal procedures of the section 4 are not modified.

SECTION 5 - PERFORMANCE

The performance of the section 5 are not modified.

SECTION 6 - WEIGHT AND BALANCE

The weight and balance of the section 6 are not modified.